Attachment A: Flow Frequency Memorandum

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, Virginia 23060

SUBJECT: Flow Frequency Determination / 303(d) status

Emporia WWTP - VA0020346

TO: Janine Howard

FROM: Jennifer Palmore, P.G.

DATE: October 23, 2011

COPIES: Modeling File

The Emporia Wastewater Treatment Plant discharges to the Meherrin River in Emporia, VA. The discharge is located at rivermile 5AMHN050.90. Stream flow frequencies are required for use by the permit writer in developing effluent limitations for the VPDES permit.

The VDEQ has operated a continuous record gage on the Meherrin River at Emporia, VA (#02052000) since 1951. The gage is located at the Route 301 bridge, approximately 1.3 mile upstream of the discharge point. The flow at the gage is regulated by a hydropower plant located 0.8 mile upstream; therefore only flow frequencies at the gage during the regulated period of record after April 1986 were used. Due to the proximity of the gage and the discharge, the flows can be assumed to be equal.

This analysis does not address any additional withdrawals, discharges, or springs influencing the flow between the measurement site and discharge point.

Meherrin River at Emporia, VA (#02052000)

Drainage Area = 747 mi² Statistical period = 1986-2003 High Flow Months: January to April

1Q30 = 4.1 cfs High Flow 1Q10 = 99 cfs 1Q10 = 7.6 cfs High Flow 7Q10 = 155 cfs 7Q10 = 18 cfs High Flow 30Q10 = 254 cfs

30Q10 = 28 cfs HM = 144 cfs

30Q5 = 41 cfs

During the 2010 305(b)/303(d) Water Quality Assessment, this segment of the Meherrin River was considered a Category 5A water ("A Water Quality Standard is not attained. The water is impaired or threatened for one or more designated uses by a pollutant(s) and requires a TMDL (303d list).") The applicable fact sheets are attached. The river is impaired of the Fish Consumption Use due to PCBs and mercury in fish tissue. Arsenic in fish tissue was also above its screening limit and is considered an observed effect. The Aquatic Life Use is impaired due to low dissolved oxygen. The Recreation- and Wildlife Uses are fully supporting. The discharge is not currently included in any TMDL.

Water quality data from monitoring station 5AMHN052.34 is attached. The station is located on the Meherrin River at the Rt. 301 bridge, which is approximately 1.3 mile upstream of the discharge and is co-located with the flow gage.

The receiving stream is considered a Tier 1 water. The river experiences periods of low dissolved oxygen and is currently impaired for the Aquatic Life Use. Antidegradation was not applied during the 1988 modeling effort.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to ask.

2010 Fact Sheets for 303(d) Waters

RIVER BASIN: Chowan River and Dismal Swamp Basins HYDROLOGIC UNIT: 03010204

STREAM NAME: Meherrin River

TMDL ID: K09R-01-DO 2010 IMPAIRED AREA ID: VAP-K09R-01

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY: 5A TMDL DUE DATE: 2020

IMPAIRED SIZE: 27.05 - Miles Watershed: VAP-K09R

INITIAL LISTING: 2008

UPSTREAM LIMIT: Emporia Reservoir Dam

DOWNSTREAM LIMIT: Route 730 bridge

The Meherrin River from the Emporia Reservoir Dam to the Route 730 bridge

CLEAN WATER ACT GOAL AND USE SUPPORT:

Aquatic Life Use - Not Supporting

IMPAIRMENT: Dissolved Oxygen

The Meherrin River was initially listed during the 1998 cycle as fully supporting but threatened of the Aquatic Life use support goal and was downgraded to impaired during the 2004 cycle due to a dissolved oxygen exceedance rate of 7/49 at the Route 602 bridge (5AMHN052.34). During the 2006 cycle, the exceedance rate fell to 2/37, therefore the segment was delisted.

However, during the 2008 cycle, the exceedance rate was 5/38, therefore the segment was relisted. The TMDL is due in 2020. The exceedance rate was 4/34 during the 2010 cycle.

IMPAIRMENT SOURCE: Hypolimnetic Release

The source of the low dissolved oxygen is considered unknown, but is believed to be caused by the release of hypolimnetic waters from the Emporia Reservoir dam.

RECOMMENDATION: UAA

2010 Fact Sheets for 303(d) Waters

RIVER BASIN: Chowan River and Dismal Swamp Basins HYDROLOGIC UNIT: 03010204

STREAM NAME: Meherrin River, Fontaine Creek, Mill Swamp

TMDL ID: K09R-01-HG 2010 IMPAIRED AREA ID: VAP-K09R-01

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY: 5A TMDL DUE DATE: 2022

IMPAIRED SIZE: 60.95 - Miles Watershed: VAP-K09R

INITIAL LISTING: 2010

UPSTREAM LIMIT: Emporia Reservoir Dam

DOWNSTREAM LIMIT: State Line

CLEAN WATER ACT GOAL AND USE SUPPORT:

Fish Consumption Use - Not Supporting

IMPAIRMENT: Mercury

During the 2010 cycle, the Virginia Department of Health issued a fish consumption advisory due to mercury in bowfin and largemouth bass. The advisory includes the Meherrin River from Emporia Reservoir dam to the state line, including the tributaries Fontaine Creek and Mill Swamp up to the I-95 bridge crossings. The segment will be considered impaired of the Fish Consumption Use. The advisory was based on mercury exceedances at DEQ monitoring stations 5AMHN026.54, 5AMHN051.43, 5AFON006.07, and 5AMLS001.42.

IMPAIRMENT SOURCE: Unknown, Atmospheric Deposition

The source of the mercury is unknown, but atmospheric conditions are suspected.

RECOMMENDATION: Problem Characterization

2010 Fact Sheets for 303(d) Waters

RIVER BASIN: Chowan River and Dismal Swamp Basins HYDROLOGIC UNIT: 03010204

STREAM NAME: Meherrin River

TMDL ID: K09R-01-PCB 2010 IMPAIRED AREA ID: VAP-K09R-01

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY: 5A TMDL DUE DATE: 2016

IMPAIRED SIZE: 27.05 - Miles Watershed: VAP-K09R

INITIAL LISTING: 2004

UPSTREAM LIMIT: Emporia Reservoir Dam

DOWNSTREAM LIMIT: Route 730 bridge

The Meherrin River from the Emporia Reservoir Dam to the Route 730 bridge

CLEAN WATER ACT GOAL AND USE SUPPORT:

Fish Consumption Use - Not Supporting

IMPAIRMENT: Fish Tissue - PCBs, VDH Fish Consumption Advisory

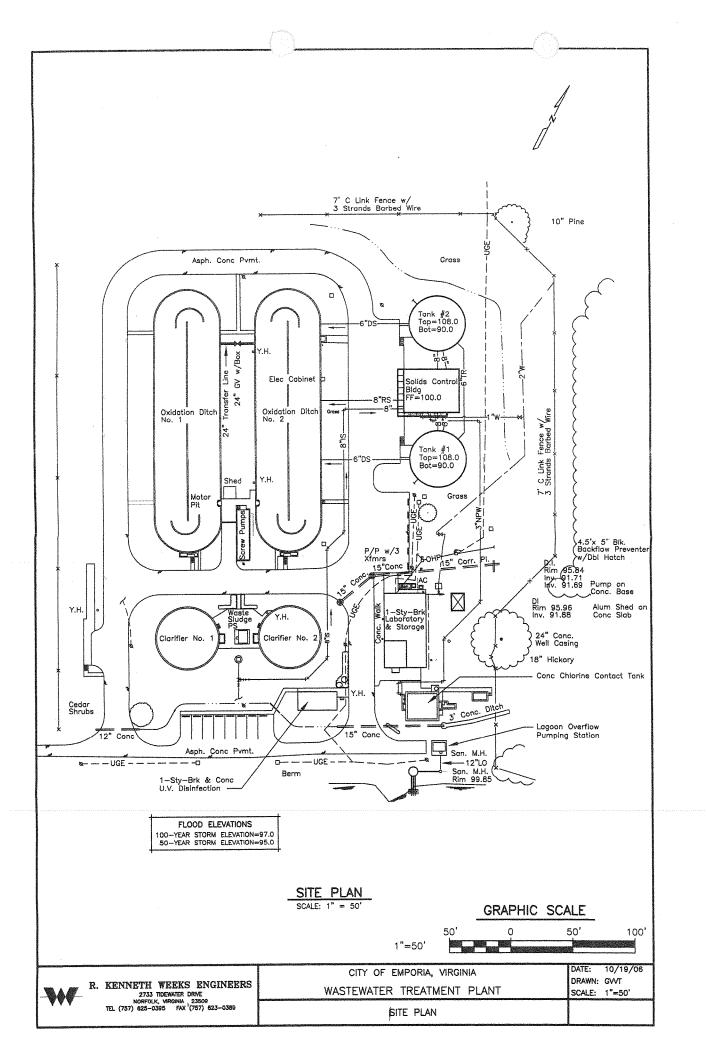
During the 2004 cycle, the Meherrin River from the Emporia Reservoir dam downstream approximately 5 miles was assessed as not supporting the Fish Consumption Use due to PCBs in fish tissue in two samples at station 5AMHN051.43. During the 2006 cycle, VDH issued a fish consumption advisory for PCBs from the Emporia dam to the Route 730 bridge. The segment was extended to match the advisory. The TMDL due date is 2016.

IMPAIRMENT SOURCE: Unknown

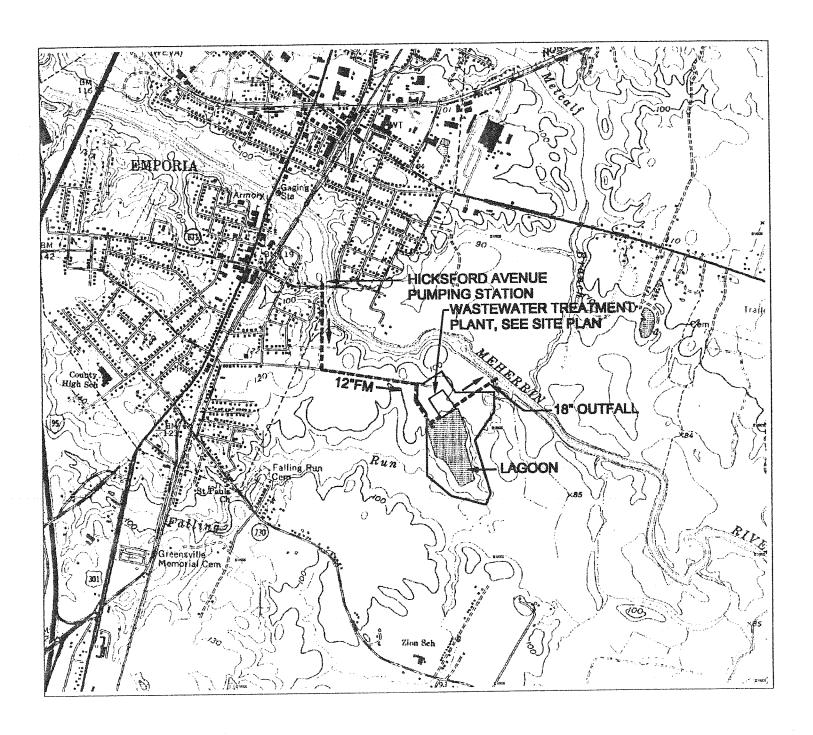
The source(s) of the fish tissue contaminants are considered unknown.

RECOMMENDATION: Problem Characterization

Attachment B: Plant Flow Diagram



Attachment C: Topographic Map (Emporia Quadrangle 8A) and Aerial Image



TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

SCALE: 1" = 2000' USGS EMPORIA QUADRANGLE Emporia City Limits (red dashed line)

Map Export

<u>Legend</u>

DEQ Offices (2009)

- DEQ Central Office
- **1** South West Regional Office
- Blue Ridge Regional Office
- Northern Regional Office
- 4 Piedmont Regional Office
- **6** Tidewater Regional Office
- **(3)** Valley Regional Office
- VPDES (2004)2010 Monitoring Stations
- Ambient
- Ambient/Biological
- Ambient/Biological/Fish Tissue
- Ambient/Fish Tissue
- Biological
- Biological/Fish Tissue
- Citizen Monitoring
- Federal
- Fish Tissue
- ★ Trend
- ♦ VDH-BEACH
- DEQ Regions (2009)





0 200 400 600 800 Map Scale: 1:12,000



Attachment D: Site Inspection Report and Compliance Inspection Report

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Rd Glen Allen, VA 23060

(804) 527-5020

SUBJECT: Site Visit- VA0020346- Emporia Wastewater Treatment Plant Site Visit

TO: File

FROM: Janine Howard, PRO Permit Writer

DATE: 17 November 2011

On November 9, 2011 Meredith Williams (DEQ Water Compliance), Megan Hayes (DEQ Air Compliance), and I met with Larry Epps (WWTP Superintendent) and Melvin Prince (WWTP Operator) at the Emporia WWTP. The facility is located at 500 Tall Oaks Drive in Emporia, VA. We arrived at approximately 9:40am and departed the plant at 10:50am.

The purpose of the visit was a combined compliance inspection and routine site visit made as part of the reissuance process. The facility received a Warning Letter for the month of September for TSS and E. coli permit limitation exceedances and it is expected that a similar warning letter will be issued for the month of October, likely resulting in a referral to Enforcement staff. A dark, ashy influent is blamed for the limitation exceedances and is thought to be sourced to the Georgia Pacific plywood plant in Emporia. The wastewater treatment plant first began experiencing an upset in the middle of September, and continues to struggle to date. Georgia Pacific and the Emporia WWTP staff are working together to come to a solution and reduce the dark influent. The ashy influent is near-black in color and the sediment particles are extremely fine. The operators have implemented a temporary polymer feed system to aid settling. The operators tried two types of polymer, the first of which did not provide enough settling to lower the TSS in the final effluent or keep the ultraviolet (UV) system clear of obstruction. The second polymer, "C-338 Clarifloc (R) solution polymer" successfully prompted enough flocculation and settling to allow the plant to meet its TSS limitation. Prior to the polymer addition, the dark, ashy substance coated the ultraviolet bulbs in the disinfection system, preventing transmittance and an adequate kill. This in turn resulted in bacteria counts of over 2,000 N/cmL at the height of the upset. Refer to the Compliance Inspection report (attached) by Meredith Williams for further details regarding the upset and compliance issues.

We toured the facility beginning with the headworks. The influent flows first to a mechanical rotating screen and at the time of the site visit the influent remained dark in color (Figure 1). Larry indicated that the influent is typically light grey as opposed to near black. Following screening, the wastewater flows through a grit channel which allows larger solids to settle. A grit collector runs on a timer for ten (10) minutes every hour and sweeps the grit channel, keeping it clear of obstruction (Figure 2). The grit is funneled to a dumpster for disposal. A caustic tank is located at the headworks and may be utilized to adjust the pH of the wastewater. The feed is automatically controlled via a pH probe. Larry indicated that they have not had to feed any caustic for pH adjustment in a few months. The caustic tank is surrounded by a large containment wall to prevent any potential spill or leak from reaching state waters (Figure 3). Following primary screening, the wastewater flows to a series of oxidation ditches. The first is anoxic, with a dissolved oxygen concentration of 0.1- 0.2 mg/L. The second oxidation ditch is maintained with a dissolved oxygen concentration of 1.5- 3.0 mg/L (Figure 4). A cylindrical set of rotating disks are used to aerate the basins (Figure 5 and 6).

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Return sludge from the clarifiers is directed to the first oxidation ditch via a set of screw pumps (Figure 7). Larry stated that the operators rarely utilize both pumps, as one is adequate to handle the typical flow. The plant has two clarifiers and the flow is evenly split between the two. Each clarifier is equipped with a brush arm which continually cleans the clarifiers (Figure 8). We viewed the Cannibal "solids reduction system" (Figure 9), which continues to fall short of expectations. The system was installed in 2005 and it was hoped that it would eliminate waste sludge. However, some sludge is still generated on site and the facility continues to dispose of a small amount of sludge in the 22 acre sludge lagoon out of necessity. The plant is still working with the manufacturer with the aim of fixing the Cannibal system so that it works as designed. The sludge lagoon is occasionally utilized as an equalization basin during period of high precipitation. Most recently, the lagoon was used in this manner during Hurricane Irene.

In 2001, the plant installed a UV disinfection system to replace the older gas chlorination system. The UV system consisted of two tracts (UV-A and UV-B), each of which contains four bulbs (Figure 10). The wastewater flow is evenly split between UV-A and UV-B. Under usual operating circumstances, the bulbs provide an adequate kill on power level 1 (out of 3) and are replaced every 8,000 hours or approximately once per year. Due to the plant upset and increased turbidity of the wastewater (even with polymer addition), Larry is presently running the UV system on power level 3 to provide an adequate kill and maintain compliance with the permit *E. coli* limitation. Continual use of power level 3 will half the life of the UV bulbs. Following UV disinfection the wastewater flows through the old chlorine contact tank (Figure 11), to a Parshall flume where the flow is measured by an ultra-sonic sensor, and down a step aerator (Figure 12) to the outfall. The final effluent appeared fairly clear and due to continual polymer feeding, Larry expects to meet the TSS and *E. coli* permit limitations for the month of November.

The site itself was well kept and the grounds were immaculate. All chemicals are stored under cover or with containment, and do not pose a storm water contamination concern.



Figure 1. Influent and rotating screen



Figure 2. Grit Channel and grit collector

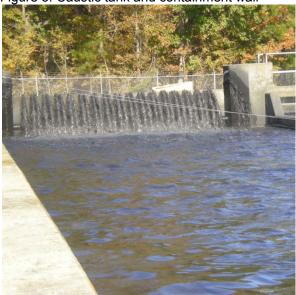
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Figure 4. Second oxidation ditch (the first oxidation ditch is visible in the background)

Figure 3. Caustic tank and containment wall



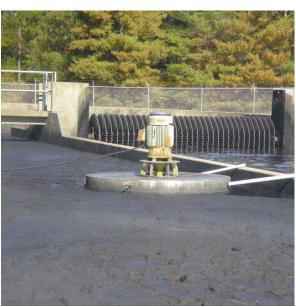


Figure 5. Rotating disks

Figure 6. Inactive rotating disks

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Figure 8. Clarifier brushes

Figure 7. Return sludge screw pump



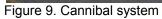




Figure 10. UV disinfection system

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Figure 11. Covered chlorine contact tank (flow-through, no treatment)



Figure 12. Final effluent and step aerator

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

COMPLIANCE INSPECTION REPORT

FACILITY NA	ME:		INSPECTION DATE: <u>11/9/11</u>								
City of Emporis	<u>a WWTP</u>		INSPECTOR: Meredith Williams								
PERMIT No.:	VA002034	<u>6</u>	REPORT DATE: 11/10/11								
TYPE OF FACILITY:	✓ Municipal✓ Industrial	✓ Major ✓ Minor	TIME OF INSPECTION:	<u>0937</u> Arrival	1110 Departure						
	☐ Federal	Small Minor	TOTAL TIME SPENT (including prep & travel)	12 hours							
	\square HP \square LP										
PHOTOGRAP	HS: ✓ Yes	□ No	UNANNOUNCED INSPECTION?	□ Ye	es 🔽 No						
REVIEWED B	REVIEWED BY / Date:										
PRESENT DU Hayes-DEQ S		N: Larry Epps, Mel	vin Prince-Plant Operators; Ja	anine Howard	, Megan						

WL # W2011-10-P-1004:

Paraphrase Noncompliance issues

- The September 2011 DMR reported a TSS average loading of 369 kg/day, versus a permit allowable average loading of 107 kg/day.
- The September 2011 DMR reported a maximum loading of 427 kg/day, versus a permit allowable maximum loading of 255 kg/day.
- The September 2011 DMR reported a TSS average concentration of 144.5 mg/L, versus a permit allowable average concentration of 30 mg/L.
- The September 2011 DMR reported an E. coli average concentration of 140 #C/mL, versus a permit allowable average concentration of 126 #C/mL.

Reported Cause of Noncompliance:

1-4. The cause of the noncompliance has been associated to a plant upset that was reportedly caused by an unusual industrial discharge to the WWTP. The influent to the WWTP was black in color and very high in solids, which caused the UV disinfection system to become ineffective. The unusual discharge caused the bulbs and sleeves in the UV system to become "burned" and blackened.

Corrective Action Taken:

1-4. Utility personnel located the manhole at which the unusual discharge was entering the sewer system. Polymer is being added to the WWTP to improve the clarity of the wastewater which will allow the UV system to function properly. The UV system was fully cleaned and rebuilt for optimal performance. The addition of polymer is temporary until the black influent has ceased.

INSPECTION OVERVIEW AND CONDITION OF TREATMENT UNITS

Treatment units at the WWTP consist of: Screening, Grit Removal, Extended Aeration (oxidation ditch), Clarification, UV disinfection and post aeration. Because the Cannibal system has not performed as expected, the majority of the sludge is disposed of in the sludge lagoon.

At the time of this inspection, the influent to the WWTP was black in color with a large amount of suspended solids. The solids had the appearance of suspended ash. The operators reported that this type of unusual influent has been the cause of the problems at the WWTP. The operators are adding polymer to the oxidation ditch to improve the settling characteristics of the wastewater. The final effluent appeared clear at the time of inspection. The inspector noted that black soot was present on the step cascade walls and autosampler. Operators indicated this soot resulted from the mist of the effluent off the step cascade.

Following the site visit at the WWTP, the Operators accompanied DEQ staff to the manhole (located on East Atlantic Street) where the unusual discharge was entering the collection system. This manhole is the location in which Georgia Pacific (GP) reportedly discharges to the POTW. DEQ staff observed the black wastewater discharge into the collection system. The discharge occurred approximately every 4 minutes and lasted approximately 20 seconds. This cycle repeated while DEQ staff and Operators were present. Operators stated they had been in communication with GP and this discharge did appear to be ash wash water from the scrubber system. The Operators and GP personnel were scheduled to meet on the day following this inspection to discuss the issue.

DEQ inspectors visited GP (VA0006483) following the site visit at the Emporia WWTP to conduct a multi-media Recon Inspection of the scrubber system. More details regarding the visit can be found in the Memo written by M. Hayes, DEQ Air Inspector (A copy of the Memo has been placed in ECM under permit number VA0006483).

DEQ form: June 2011

Permit # VA0020346

*EFFLUENT FIELD DATA: *Data analyzed on 11/8/11 by WWTP Staff.

Flow	.714 MGD	Dissolved Oxygen	9.4 mg/L	TRC (Contact Tank)	N/A mg/L
pН	6.89 S.U.	Temperature	<u>19.1</u> °C	TRC (Final Effluent)	N/A mg/L
Was a	a Sampling Inspection co	onducted?	see Sampling Inspec	ction Report) 🔽 No	

CONDITION OF OUTFALL AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS:

1.	Type of outfall: ✓ Shore based ☐ Submerged	Diffuser?	☐ Yes	▼ No
2.	Are the outfall and supporting structures in good co	ondition?	☐ Yes	□ No
3.	Final Effluent (evidence of following problems):	☐ Sludge bar		Grease
	☐ Turbid effluent ☐ Visible foam	☐ Unusual	color	☐ Oil sheen
4.	Is there a visible effluent plume in the receiving stre	eam?	□ Yes	□No
5.	Receiving stream: No observed problems		•	ns (explain below)
	Comments: The final effluent appeared cl	ear. DEQ st	taff did not	observe the receiving stream
	on the day of inspection due to extreme m	uddy condi	tions. Mel	vin Prince stated that he
	viewed the final outfall/receiving stream w	ithin the pa	st week ar	d did not observe any black
	material.			<u> </u>

REQUEST for ACTION:

1. None.

NOTES and COMMENTS:

- 1. The plant operators are working hard to meet permit limits and should be commended for their efforts in running the plant under these unusual conditions.
- 2. Continue efforts in working with industrial sewer users to determine the source of the unusual influent.
- 3. Continue to keep DEQ informed of the status of the treatment plant and any operational changes that may be made (i.e. use of chlorine/dechlor).

Facility No. VA0020346 Digital Photographs Taken 11/9/11



Photograph 1: Polymer addition to oxidation ditch



Photograph 2: Screening



Photograph 3: Influent; note unusual black color



Photograph 4: Grit removal



Photograph 5: Caustic for pH adjustment (if necessary) at headworks



Photograph 6: Oxidation ditch (2 of 2)

Facility No. VA0020346 Digital Photographs Taken 11/9/11



Photograph 7: Unusual black wastewater in oxidation ditch; suspended solids have a black, metallic appearance



Photograph 8: Oxidation ditch (1 of 2)



Photograph 9: Return sludge from clarifier to oxidation ditch



Photograph 10: 1 of 2 Clarifiers



Photograph 11: Effluent weirs on clarifier; effluent appears fairly clear; some black material has settled in effluent trough



Photograph 12: 2 of 2 Clarifiers; automatic cleaning brushes have been pulled up in order to not disturb black material that has settled

DEQ form: June 2011

Facility No. VA0020346

Digital Photographs Taken 11/9/11



Photograph 13: Enclosed UV system; 8 bulbs in each unit; both units currently operating to ensure proper disinfection



Photograph 14: Old CCT; flow continues to pass through this tank



Photograph 15: Effluent weir and flow meter; meter last calibrated 6/30/11



Photograph 16: Post aeration; effluent fairly clear



Photograph 17: Screening system that precedes the Cannibal system



Photograph 18: Sludge holding tank

DEQ form: June 2011

Facility No. VA0020346 Digital Photographs Taken <u>11/9/11</u>



Photograph 19: Manhole along East Atlantic St.; note black soot material around top edge of manhole



Photograph 20: Discharge from Georgia Pacific

Attachment E: Ambient Data (Station 5AMHN052.34)

Station ID					Field Ph	Do Probe		Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	2/26/1968	S	0.3	3.33	7.5		11.5	1
5AMHN052.34	4/30/1968	S	0.3	16.67	8		7.5	
5AMHN052.34	7/28/1968	S	0.3	27.78	7.3		7.2	
5AMHN052.34	8/1/1968	S	0.3	32.22	6		5.7	
5AMHN052.34	8/29/1968	S	0.3	25	7		5	
5AMHN052.34	10/1/1968	S	0.3	21.11	6.5		1.5	
5AMHN052.34	1/23/1969		0.3	4.44	7.3		13.19	
5AMHN052.34	4/20/1969		0.3	16.11	6.8		10.09	
5AMHN052.34	7/3/1969		0.3	27.78	7.5		6.6	
5AMHN052.34	2/18/1970		0.3	7.78	7.2		12.79	
5AMHN052.34	3/11/1970		0.3	10	6.8		10.29	
5AMHN052.34	4/16/1970		0.3	13.33	6.9		11	i
5AMHN052.34	5/12/1970		0.3	21.67			8.9	
5AMHN052.34	6/18/1970		0.3	27.22	7		6.8	i
5AMHN052.34	6/29/1970		0.3	24.44	7.3		8.4	
5AMHN052.34	8/31/1970		0.3	27.78	6.8		6.6	
5AMHN052.34	10/1/1970		0.3	17.22	6.8		7.06	
5AMHN052.34	11/9/1970		0.3	13.89	7.2		10	
5AMHN052.34	12/6/1970		0.3	7.22	7.2		11.39	
5AMHN052.34	1/11/1971		0.3	3.33	6.7		13.39	
5AMHN052.34	2/3/1971		0.3	2.22	7		14.39	
5AMHN052.34	3/21/1971		0.3	10	7.3		11.79	
5AMHN052.34	4/26/1971		0.3	16.67	7.5		9	
5AMHN052.34	5/5/1971		0.3	15.56	7.3		9.8	
5AMHN052.34	6/10/1971		0.3	25.56	7.0		8	
5AMHN052.34	7/26/1971		0.3	26.11	6.7		7.4	
5AMHN052.34	8/17/1971		0.3	25.56	7.2		7.2	
5AMHN052.34	9/22/1971		0.3	21.11	7.2		7.4	
5AMHN052.34	11/8/1971		0.3	12.22	7.3		10.79	
5AMHN052.34	12/1/1971		0.3	6.67	6.9		12.39	
5AMHN052.34	1/17/1972		0.3	4.44	7.2		13.39	
5AMHN052.34	2/7/1972		0.3	4.44	6.7		13.59	
5AMHN052.34	3/27/1972		0.3	6.11	6.7		10.55	
5AMHN052.34	4/12/1972		0.3	11.11	6.8		11	
5AMHN052.34	5/3/1972		0.3	18.89	7.2		8.2	
5AMHN052.34	5/31/1972		0.3	20.56	7.2		8.4	
5AMHN052.34	7/12/1972		0.3	22.22	7.3		8.1	
5AMHN052.34	8/3/1972		0.3	25.56	7.3		7.6	
5AMHN052.34	9/11/1972		0.3	25.35	7.2		7.8	
5AMHN052.34	10/5/1972		0.3	18.89	6.7		8	
5AMHN052.34	11/13/1972		0.3	12.22	6.7		13	
5AMHN052.34	12/18/1972		0.3	5.56	6.8		9.8	
5AMHN052.34	1/3/1973		0.3	8.89	6.8		11	
5AMHN052.34	2/15/1973		0.3	5.56	7.2		13.19	
5AMHN052.34	3/15/1973		0.3	16.67	7.2		10.39	
5AMHN052.34	4/24/1973		0.3	20	7.5		9	
5AMHN052.34	6/19/1973		0.3	24.44	6.8		8	
5AMHN052.34	7/29/1973		0.3	23.33	0.0		8.2	
5AMHN052.34	9/16/1973		0.3	23.33	7.2		0.2	
5AMHN052.34	10/3/1973		0.3	22.22	7.2		7.6	
5AMHN052.34	11/6/1973		0.3	13.33	7.6		9.8	
5AMHN052.34	12/13/1973		0.3	5.56	7.8		11.79	
5AMHN052.34	1/9/1974		0.3	7.78	7.6		11.79	
5AMHN052.34	2/12/1974		0.3	4.44	7.5		12.19	
					6.8			
5AMHN052.34	3/6/1974		0.3	14.44 15.56	7.5		9.2	
5AMHN052.34 5AMHN052.34	4/25/1974		0.3	15.56	7.5		9.2	
5AMHN052.34 5AMHN052.34	5/9/1974		0.3	26.67	7.7		9.4	
5AMHN052.34 5AMHN052.34	6/20/1974		0.3				7.8	
	7/7/1974			25.56	7.5			
5AMHN052.34	8/22/1974		0.3	25.56	7.4		7.2	
5AMHN052.34	9/3/1974	১	0.3	26.11	7.2		7.6	

Station ID	Collection Date	Depth Desc	Depth	Temp Celcius	Field Ph	Do Probe	Do Winkler	Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	10/14/1974	S	0.3	15	7		7.2	
5AMHN052.34	11/19/1974	S	0.3	8.89	7		9	
5AMHN052.34	12/10/1974	S	0.3	4.44	7		12	
5AMHN052.34	1/10/1975	S	0.3	3.33	7		12	
5AMHN052.34	2/27/1975	S	0.3	7.22	7		11.29	
5AMHN052.34	3/12/1975		0.3	3.33	7.4		12	
5AMHN052.34	4/29/1975		0.3	16.67	7		9.2	
5AMHN052.34	5/19/1975		0.3	19.44	7		9.6	
5AMHN052.34	6/17/1975		0.3	25.56	7.5		7.8	
5AMHN052.34	7/16/1975		0.3	22.22	6.4		8.4	
5AMHN052.34	8/14/1975		0.3		7		7.6	
5AMHN052.34	9/16/1975		0.3	21.11	7.5		8.6	
5AMHN052.34	10/28/1975		0.3	17.78	7.5		9.2	
5AMHN052.34	11/11/1975		0.3	15.56	7.5		9.6	
5AMHN052.34	12/16/1975		0.3	7.78	6.8		12	
5AMHN052.34	1/21/1976		0.3	2.22	7		14.39	
5AMHN052.34	3/8/1976		0.3	13.89	7.4		10.19	
5AMHN052.34	4/13/1976		0.3	13.89	7.8		10.19	
5AMHN052.34	5/19/1976		0.3	13.69	7.8		7	
5AMHN052.34	6/14/1976		0.3	22.78	7.9		7.5	
5AMHN052.34	7/19/1976		0.3	26.67	7.9		6.8	
5AMHN052.34	8/23/1976		0.3	26.67	7.5		7.4	
	11/18/1976		0.3	6.67	7.5		12.19	
5AMHN052.34								
5AMHN052.34	11/30/1976		0.3	8.33	7.6		11.79	
5AMHN052.34	2/15/1977		0.3	4.5	7.5		12.19	
5AMHN052.34	3/14/1977		0.3	1.5	7		9	
5AMHN052.34	5/4/1977		0.3	19	8.8		8	
5AMHN052.34	7/18/1977		0.3	2.9	7		6.3	
5AMHN052.34	8/8/1977		0.3	3.3	7.8		5.6	
5AMHN052.34	11/3/1977		0.3	15	7		9.5	
5AMHN052.34	12/5/1977		0.3	0.9	9		11.39	
5AMHN052.34	2/9/1978		0.3	0.3	8		14.39	
5AMHN052.34	4/5/1978		0.3	16.19	7.5		10	
5AMHN052.34	6/8/1978		0.3	24	7.5		8	
5AMHN052.34	7/10/1978		0.3	26	7.3		7.5	
5AMHN052.34	8/22/1978		0.3	27	7		6.9	
5AMHN052.34	8/31/1978		0.3	27	7.4		6.1	
5AMHN052.34	10/5/1978		0.3	18.5	7.5		8.7	
5AMHN052.34	12/6/1978		0.3	11	6.5		10.6	
5AMHN052.34	6/22/1979		0.3		7.6		8	
5AMHN052.34	8/14/1979		0.3	23	7.5		8.3	
5AMHN052.34	10/17/1979		0.3	13.5	7.3		10.3	
5AMHN052.34	11/20/1979		0.3	11	7.5		10.8	
5AMHN052.34	12/18/1979		0.3	6	7.3		12.4	
5AMHN052.34	1/14/1980		0.3	5	6.3		13.2	
5AMHN052.34	2/20/1980		0.3	5	7.2		9.6	
5AMHN052.34	3/26/1980		0.3	10.5	7.5		11.3	
5AMHN052.34	4/23/1980		0.3	18.5	7.5		8.8	
5AMHN052.34	5/21/1980		0.3	23	7.5		9	
5AMHN052.34	6/25/1980		0.3	23	7.6		7.3	
5AMHN052.34	7/9/1980		0.3	27	7.5		7.2	
5AMHN052.34	8/5/1980		0.3	30	7		4.6	
5AMHN052.34	9/30/1980		0.3					
5AMHN052.34	10/28/1980	S	0.3	13	7.1		9.2	
5AMHN052.34	11/18/1980	S	0.3	8	7		11.1	<u> </u>
5AMHN052.34	1/27/1981	S	0.3	4.5	7.1		9.8	
5AMHN052.34	2/24/1981	S	0.3	9	7		12.2	
5AMHN052.34	3/24/1981	S	0.3	8	7.5		11.5	
5AMHN052.34	4/21/1981		0.3	18			9.8	
5AMHN052.34	5/19/1981		0.3	18	7		7.8	
5AMHN052.34	6/2/1981		0.3	20	7.5		7.8	
	5.2561		0.0	=0				

Station ID		•				Do Probe		Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	7/1/1981	S	0.3	25.5	7.1		5.8	
5AMHN052.34	8/3/1981	S	0.3	25.5	6.7		5.2	
5AMHN052.34	9/1/1981	S	0.3	25	6.8		5.8	
5AMHN052.34	10/22/1981	S	0.3	15.5	7.1		6.2	
5AMHN052.34	11/30/1981	S	0.3	7			10.2	
5AMHN052.34	12/10/1981	S	0.3	4	7.3		10.4	
5AMHN052.34	1/5/1982		0.3	5.5	6.6		10.2	
5AMHN052.34	2/3/1982		0.3	5	6.1		8.8	
5AMHN052.34	3/3/1982		0.3	6	6.6		9.8	
5AMHN052.34	4/7/1982		0.3	12	7		8.1	
5AMHN052.34	5/4/1982		0.3	19	7.3		8.1	
5AMHN052.34	7/6/1982		0.3	25	7.1		6.8	
5AMHN052.34	8/4/1982		0.3	25.5	6.8		7.4	
5AMHN052.34	9/15/1982		0.3	21	7.3		7.4	
5AMHN052.34	10/6/1982		0.3	20.5	7.3		8.3	
5AMHN052.34	11/4/1982		0.3	15	7		10	
	12/2/1982		0.3	10.5	6.7		_	
5AMHN052.34							11.6	
5AMHN052.34	1/5/1983		0.3	5	7		12.2	
5AMHN052.34	2/8/1983		0.3	4	6.5		12.8	
5AMHN052.34	3/3/1983		0.3	9	6.7		12.5	
5AMHN052.34	4/5/1983		0.3	12	6.8		11	
5AMHN052.34	5/5/1983		0.3	20.5	7.5		9.4	
5AMHN052.34	6/7/1983		0.3	23	7.5		8.4	
5AMHN052.34	8/3/1983		0.3	27	7.1		6.1	
5AMHN052.34	9/19/1983		0.3	22.5	6.8		11.2	
5AMHN052.34	10/17/1983		0.3	17.5	7		8.8	
5AMHN052.34	11/9/1983		0.3	14.5	7		9.3	
5AMHN052.34	12/7/1983		0.3	8.5	6.8		11.6	
5AMHN052.34	1/31/1984	S	0.3	4	6.7		12.3	
5AMHN052.34	3/7/1984	S	0.3	7.5	7		12.5	
5AMHN052.34	4/2/1984	S	0.3	11	6.4		11.2	
5AMHN052.34	4/30/1984		0.3	18.5	6.9		9.7	
5AMHN052.34	6/18/1984	S	0.3	27	6.5		6.4	
5AMHN052.34	7/23/1984	S	0.3	25	6.53		7.9	
5AMHN052.34	8/20/1984	S	0.3	25	6.68		7.9	
5AMHN052.34	9/17/1984	S	0.3	20.6	6.8		9.5	
5AMHN052.34	10/17/1984	S	0.3	17.1	6.65		8.9	
5AMHN052.34	11/14/1984	S	0.3	7	6.4		14.8	
5AMHN052.34	1/30/1985	S	0.3	1.1	6.7		16.1	
5AMHN052.34	2/6/1985	S	0.3	2.5	5.7		13.2	
5AMHN052.34	3/13/1985		0.3	7.5	6.4		13.3	
5AMHN052.34	4/9/1985		0.3	15	7.5		10.6	
5AMHN052.34	4/10/1985	S	0.3	14	7		10	
5AMHN052.34	5/15/1985		0.3	21	7.3		8.8	
5AMHN052.34	5/22/1985		0.3	25			8	
5AMHN052.34	6/4/1985		0.3	24.5	7.5		7.8	
5AMHN052.34	7/10/1985		0.3	27.4	6.8		5	
5AMHN052.34	8/6/1985		0.3	24	6.9		7.7	
5AMHN052.34	10/30/1985		0.3	12	6.7		10.8	
5AMHN052.34	12/9/1985		0.3	6.5	7.2		13	
5AMHN052.34	1/9/1986		0.3	3	6.8		12.8	
5AMHN052.34	2/10/1986		0.3	6.5	6.8		14	
5AMHN052.34	3/10/1986		0.3	8	7.2		11.9	
5AMHN052.34	4/7/1986		0.3	20	8.17		9.5	
5AMHN052.34	5/14/1986		0.3	16.8	7.32		8.4	
5AMHN052.34	6/17/1986		0.3	27	7.32		7.3	
5AMHN052.34	7/17/1986		0.3	29	7.24			
					6.75		6.1	
5AMHN052.34	8/14/1986		0.3	23			5.8	
5AMHN052.34	9/17/1986		0.3	21.5	7.58		7.9	
5AMHN052.34	10/22/1986		0.3	16	5.9		6.6	
5AMHN052.34	11/24/1986	5	0.3	8.5	8.06		9.4	

Station ID	Collection Date	Depth Desc	Depth	Temp Celcius	Field Ph	Do Probe	Do Winkler	Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	12/15/1986		0.3	5			10.2	
5AMHN052.34	1/20/1987		0.3	5.5			13.2	
5AMHN052.34	2/12/1987		0.3	4			12.7	
5AMHN052.34	3/23/1987		0.3	9			11.1	
5AMHN052.34	4/21/1987		0.3	14			8.5	
5AMHN052.34	5/11/1987		0.3	19			8.6	
5AMHN052.34	6/8/1987		0.3	25.6			5.1	
5AMHN052.34	6/8/1987		0.3	25.6			5	
5AMHN052.34	7/6/1987		0.3	26			6.1	
5AMHN052.34	8/11/1987		0.3	28.5			4.6	
5AMHN052.34	9/16/1987		0.3	24.5			5.8	
5AMHN052.34	10/15/1987		0.3	13			9.6	
5AMHN052.34	11/23/1987		0.3	8			10.6	
5AMHN052.34	12/8/1987		0.3	5			11.2	
5AMHN052.34	1/19/1988		0.3	1			12.4	
5AMHN052.34	2/16/1988		0.3	5.3			12.7	
5AMHN052.34	3/15/1988		0.3	8.2			9.4	
5AMHN052.34	4/12/1988		1	12.1	7.57		9.8	
5AMHN052.34	5/11/1988		0.3	18.3			7.8	
5AMHN052.34	6/8/1988		0.3	22	7.96		7.2	
5AMHN052.34	7/12/1988		0.3	27	6.86		3.7	
5AMHN052.34	8/25/1988		0.3	26.1	7.56		3.8	
5AMHN052.34	9/20/1988		0.3	23			4.7	
5AMHN052.34	10/18/1988		0.3	11	8.05		9.2	
5AMHN052.34	11/9/1988		0.3	8.3			9.8	
5AMHN052.34	12/19/1988		0.3	4.5			12.9	
5AMHN052.34	1/31/1989		0.3	7.4			12.4	
5AMHN052.34	2/27/1989		0.3					
5AMHN052.34	3/20/1989		0.3	12	8.05		10.8	
5AMHN052.34	4/18/1989		0.3	15.1	7.48		10.8	
5AMHN052.34	5/23/1989		0.3	21	8		8.4	
5AMHN052.34	6/22/1989		0.3	24.1			5.9	
5AMHN052.34	7/24/1989		0.3	26.6			4.7	
5AMHN052.34	8/15/1989		0.3	21.8	7.25		7.5	
5AMHN052.34	9/19/1989		0.3	21.7	8.05		5.2	
5AMHN052.34	10/19/1989		0.3	16			7.7	
5AMHN052.34	11/16/1989		0.3	13.6			8.9	
5AMHN052.34	12/28/1989		0.3	0.5	7.31		14.3	
5AMHN052.34	1/31/1990	S	0.3	7.6	7.6		11.4	
5AMHN052.34	2/20/1990	S	0.3					
5AMHN052.34	3/20/1990		0.3	13.6	6.58		9.2	
5AMHN052.34	4/18/1990	S	0.3	15.3	7.54		8.8	
5AMHN052.34	5/17/1990	S	0.3	19.8	6.59		7.4	
5AMHN052.34	6/19/1990	S	0.3	23.3	7.28		6.1	
5AMHN052.34	7/16/1990		0.3	26.3	6.62		3.4	
5AMHN052.34	8/13/1990		0.3	24.3			4.8	
5AMHN052.34	9/13/1990	S	0.3	24.7	6.36		4.1	
5AMHN052.34	10/11/1990		0.3	20.24	6.92	4.5		
5AMHN052.34	10/11/1990		0.3					
5AMHN052.34	11/27/1990		0.3	8.9		10.3		
5AMHN052.34	12/5/1990		0.3	8.1	7.26	10.59		
5AMHN052.34	12/5/1990	В	0.3	8.07	7.26	10.59		
5AMHN052.34	1/28/1991		0.3					
5AMHN052.34	2/12/1991		0.09	6.76		11.86		
5AMHN052.34	2/12/1991		0.3	6.8	7.69		11.9	
5AMHN052.34	3/28/1991		0.09			9.16		
5AMHN052.34	3/28/1991	В	0.3	15.77	6.71	9.16		
5AMHN052.34	4/29/1991		0.09	18.33	6.34	8.77	8.8	
5AMHN052.34	4/29/1991	В	0.3					
5AMHN052.34	5/23/1991		0.3	20.3			7.54	
5AMHN052.34	6/19/1991	S	0.3	25.98	6.26		2.82	

Station ID	Collection Date	Depth Desc	Depth	Temp Celcius			Do Winkler	Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	7/22/1991	S	0.3	30.28	6.3		2.76	
5AMHN052.34	8/20/1991	S	0.3	26.08	6.52	2.33		
5AMHN052.34	9/19/1991	S	0.3	26.47	6.16	2.53		
5AMHN052.34	9/19/1991	S	0.3					
5AMHN052.34	10/21/1991	S	0.3	13.11	6.3	7.78		
5AMHN052.34	11/25/1991	S	0.3	11.15	6.9			
5AMHN052.34	12/19/1991		0.3	5.62	6.71	10.86		
5AMHN052.34	1/10/1992		0.3	1	6			
5AMHN052.34	1/16/1992		0.3	5.65	6.15			
5AMHN052.34	2/25/1992		0.3	9.21	6.67	10.9		
5AMHN052.34	3/18/1992		0.3	8.04	5.5			
5AMHN052.34	4/28/1992		0.3	16.65	6.09			
5AMHN052.34	5/20/1992		0.3	19.33	5.99			
5AMHN052.34	6/22/1992		0.3	21.21	6.01	5.46		
5AMHN052.34	7/13/1992		0.3	29.37	6.16			
5AMHN052.34	8/20/1992		0.3	22.26	6.38			
5AMHN052.34	9/21/1992		0.3	21.62	6.8			
5AMHN052.34	10/20/1992		0.3	13.55	6.51	8.05		
5AMHN052.34	11/12/1992		0.3	10.27				
					6.86			
5AMHN052.34 5AMHN052.34	12/8/1992 1/19/1993		0.3	5.24	6.93			
			0.3	5.74	6.68			
5AMHN052.34	2/17/1993		0.3	6.15	6.6			
5AMHN052.34	3/16/1993		0.3	4.74	6.02	13.37		
5AMHN052.34	4/14/1993		0.3	14.09	6.44			
5AMHN052.34	5/17/1993		0.3	20.09	6.33			
5AMHN052.34	6/9/1993		0.3	21.9	6.15			
5AMHN052.34	7/14/1993		0.3	29.4	6.23			
5AMHN052.34	8/11/1993		0.3	24.86	6			
5AMHN052.34	9/23/1993		0.3	24.01	6.68			
5AMHN052.34	10/21/1993		0.3	19.06	6.88			
5AMHN052.34	11/15/1993		0.3	12.46	6.74			
5AMHN052.34	12/15/1993		0.3	4.79	6.61	11.52		
5AMHN052.34	1/25/1994		0.3	0.48	6.65	12.74		
5AMHN052.34	2/16/1994		0.3	4.43	6.47	12.67		
5AMHN052.34	3/14/1994		0.3	9.01	6.31	10.76		
5AMHN052.34	4/13/1994		0.3	16.34	6.57	8.4		
5AMHN052.34	5/12/1994	S	0.3	17.85	6.53	7.88		
5AMHN052.34	6/13/1994	S	0.3	22.93	6.59	5.72		
5AMHN052.34	7/12/1994		0.3	28.38	6.55			
5AMHN052.34	7/13/1994	S	0.3	28.63	6.55	2.25		
5AMHN052.34	8/4/1994	S	0.3	26.54	6.63	5.37		
5AMHN052.34	9/14/1994	S	0.3	23.29	6.49	4.58		
5AMHN052.34	10/6/1994	S	0.3	18.63	6.63	4.93		
5AMHN052.34	11/3/1994	S	0.3	12.67	6.6	6.07		
5AMHN052.34	12/19/1994	S	0.3	7.16	6.91	10.68		
5AMHN052.34	1/23/1995	S	0.3	6	6.9	10.56		
5AMHN052.34	2/21/1995	S	0.3	7.22	6.77	10.93		
5AMHN052.34	3/8/1995	S	0.3	10.8	6.81	10.21		
5AMHN052.34	4/11/1995	S	0.3	14.96	6.85	8.46		
5AMHN052.34	5/8/1995		0.3	16.65	6.61	7.41		
5AMHN052.34	6/6/1995		0.3	23.15	6.6			
5AMHN052.34	7/5/1995		0.3	24.22	6.44			
5AMHN052.34	8/3/1995		0.3	29.74	6.62			
5AMHN052.34	9/6/1995		0.3	24.24	6.65			
5AMHN052.34	10/2/1995		0.3	20.82	6.67			
5AMHN052.34	11/6/1995		0.3	12.89	6.41			
5AMHN052.34	12/6/1995		0.3	7.35	6.72			
5AMHN052.34	1/4/1996		0.3	3.23	6.78			
5AMHN052.34	2/14/1996		0.3	3.69	6.41	11.91		
5AMHN052.34	3/28/1996		0.3	10.27	6.54			
5AMHN052.34	4/9/1996		0.3	10.27	6.55			
JANI 114032.34	4/9/1990	J	0.5	10.77	0.05	10.15		

Station ID	Collection Date	Depth Desc	Depth				Do Winkler	Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	5/15/1996	S	0.3	17.18	6.43	7.3		
5AMHN052.34	6/17/1996	S	0.3	24.61	6.62	5.99		
5AMHN052.34	7/16/1996	S	0.3	25.98	6.33	5.31		
5AMHN052.34	8/14/1996	S	0.3	21.1	6.75	7.52		
5AMHN052.34	9/12/1996	S	0.3	22.52	6.44	8.6		
5AMHN052.34	10/28/1996	S	0.3	14.84	6.45	7.76		
5AMHN052.34	11/21/1996	S	0.3	7.72	6.46	10.42		
5AMHN052.34	12/18/1996	S	0.3	7.52	6.39	10.95		
5AMHN052.34	1/29/1997	S	0.3	5.78	6.55	12.07		
5AMHN052.34	2/11/1997	S	0.3	5.13	6.96	12.41		
5AMHN052.34	3/11/1997	S	0.3	10.75	6.94	12.27		
5AMHN052.34	4/24/1997	S	0.3	11.46	6.95	9.82		
5AMHN052.34	5/22/1997	S	0.3	20.23	6.65	7.39		
5AMHN052.34	6/18/1997		0.3	22.02	6.5	6.64		
5AMHN052.34	7/16/1997	S	0.3					
5AMHN052.34	8/5/1997		0.3	24.39	6.1	5.42		
5AMHN052.34	9/18/1997		0.3	22.85	6.54			
5AMHN052.34	10/15/1997		0.3	19.36	6.85			
5AMHN052.34	11/13/1997		0.3	9.72	6.77	9.4		
5AMHN052.34	12/16/1997		0.3	4.71	6.99	11.96		
5AMHN052.34	1/13/1998		0.3	9.65	6.5			
5AMHN052.34	2/10/1998		0.3	5.88	6.89			
5AMHN052.34	3/9/1998		0.3	12.82	6.35			
5AMHN052.34	4/9/1998		0.3	15.61	6.64	8.99		
5AMHN052.34	5/21/1998		0.3	21.59	6.8	7.95		
5AMHN052.34	6/17/1998		0.3	23.93	6.71	5.97		
5AMHN052.34	7/23/1998		0.3	28.94	6.59	4.29		
5AMHN052.34	8/26/1998		0.3	26.34	6.32	3		
5AMHN052.34	9/29/1998		0.3	24.35	6.45			
5AMHN052.34	10/29/1998		0.3	15.22	6.64	6.35		
5AMHN052.34	11/30/1998		0.3	10	6.55	8.89		
5AMHN052.34	12/17/1998		0.3	6.37	6.41	11.2		
5AMHN052.34	1/20/1999		0.3	6.91	6.31	10.98		
5AMHN052.34	2/17/1999		0.3	6.62	6.57	11.28		
5AMHN052.34	3/29/1999		0.3	11.96	6.43	9.73		
5AMHN052.34	4/15/1999		0.3	13.97	6.45			
5AMHN052.34	5/24/1999		0.3	21.14	6.6			
5AMHN052.34	6/17/1999 7/13/1999		0.3	22.89 23.93	6.62	5.02		
5AMHN052.34 5AMHN052.34	8/12/1999		0.3	26.8	6.34 6.43	2.53 2.48		
5AMHN052.34	9/2/1999		0.3	22.15	6.04			
5AMHN052.34	10/26/1999		0.3	10.81	6.42	9.46		
5AMHN052.34	11/8/1999		0.3	10.04	6.32			
5AMHN052.34	12/21/1999		0.3	7.45	6.44		10.6	
5AMHN052.34	1/12/2000		0.3	9.47	6.87	11.8	10.0	
5AMHN052.34	2/24/2000		0.3	J. 4 1	0.07	11.0		
5AMHN052.34	3/20/2000		0.3	10.85	6.3	10.28		
5AMHN052.34	4/17/2000		0.3	16.36	6.41	9.18		
5AMHN052.34	5/15/2000		0.3	22.32	6.65			
5AMHN052.34	6/26/2000		0.3	26.16	6.63			
5AMHN052.34	7/24/2000		0.3	23.61	5.91	5.94		
5AMHN052.34	8/14/2000		0.3	25.07	5.89			
5AMHN052.34	9/7/2000		0.3	20.72	6.23			
5AMHN052.34	10/19/2000		0.3	15.26	6.42			
5AMHN052.34	11/15/2000		0.3	11.2	6.95			
5AMHN052.34	12/14/2000		0.3	3.59	6.67			
5AMHN052.34	1/9/2001		0.3	0.61	6.63			
5AMHN052.34	2/12/2001		0.3	7.43	6.97	10.65	11.2	
5AMHN052.34	3/8/2001		0.3	6.52	6.46		11.2	
5AMHN052.34	4/9/2001		0.3	16.55	6.35			
5AMHN052.34	6/20/2001		0.3	23.68	6.27	5.7		
O, 11VII 11 11 10 0 Z . 0 T	0/20/2001	<u> </u>	0.0	20.00	0.21	5.7		I.

Station ID				Temp Celcius			Do Winkler	Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	8/27/2001	S	0.3	25.77	6.42	5.64		
5AMHN052.34	10/9/2001	S	0.3	16.63	6.56	6.95		
5AMHN052.34	12/20/2001	S	0.3	10.09	6.65	8.97		
5AMHN052.34	2/25/2002	S	0.3	8.89	6.96	10.41		
5AMHN052.34	4/18/2002	S	0.3	23.54	6.66	5.13		
5AMHN052.34	7/2/2002		0.3	27.35	6.77	3.32		
5AMHN052.34	7/30/2002		0.3	29.05	6.61	4.04		
5AMHN052.34	9/5/2002		0.3	24.8	6.65			
5AMHN052.34	11/25/2002		0.3	7.92	6.51	10.9		
5AMHN052.34	1/30/2003		0.3	0.69	7.02	13.7		
5AMHN052.34	3/27/2003		0.3	14.57	6.69	9.42		
5AMHN052.34	5/22/2003		0.3	16.11	6.35			
5AMHN052.34	7/14/2003		0.3	26.05	6.93			
5AMHN052.34	9/29/2003		0.3	20.17	6.62	6.63		
5AMHN052.34	12/1/2003		0.3	8.01	6.89	10.74		
5AMHN052.34	1/29/2004		0.3	0.4	7.04			
5AMHN052.34	3/16/2004		0.3	10.36	6.62	10.37		
5AMHN052.34	5/25/2004		0.3	26.13	6.6	5.28		
5AMHN052.34	8/24/2004		0.3	23.4	6.65			
5AMHN052.34	10/13/2004		0.3	15.46	6.76			
5AMHN052.34	12/8/2004		0.3	9.1	6.85			
5AMHN052.34	2/14/2005		0.3	9.1 6.2	7.4	11.49		
	4/25/2005		0.3	15.73	6.91			
5AMHN052.34	6/7/2005		0.3	21.4	6.91	8.43 6.52		
5AMHN052.34								
5AMHN052.34	8/4/2005		0.3	27.12	6.67	3.2		
5AMHN052.34	10/24/2005		0.3	16.2	7.28	4.66		
5AMHN052.34	12/19/2005		0.3	4.65	6.98	12.27		
5AMHN052.34	2/22/2006		0.3	5.58	7.11	12.52		
5AMHN052.34	4/13/2006		0.3	16.1	7.3	8.5		
5AMHN052.34	4/13/2006		0	0.7.0	0.0			
5AMHN052.34	6/26/2006		0.3	25.3	6.6	3.2		
5AMHN052.34	8/17/2006		0.3	25.8	7	2.9		
5AMHN052.34	10/18/2006		0.3	13.2	6.7	8.3		
5AMHN052.34	12/19/2006		0.3	6.5	6.6			
5AMHN052.34	1/16/2007		0.3	10.5	6.9	10.6		
5AMHN052.34	3/8/2007		0.3	7.1	7	11.4		
5AMHN052.34	5/16/2007		0.3	19.4	7	6.7		
5AMHN052.34	7/12/2007		0.3	27.7	7.1			3.2
5AMHN052.34	9/13/2007		0.3	25.7	7	3.1		
5AMHN052.34	11/19/2007		0.3	9.6	7.1			
5AMHN052.34	1/14/2008		0.3	7.5	7.5			
5AMHN052.34	3/3/2008		0.3	8	7.3	11.8		
5AMHN052.34	5/13/2008		0.3	14.5	6.9			
5AMHN052.34	7/8/2008		0.3	25.7	6.8			
5AMHN052.34	9/24/2008		0.3	20.9	7	4.9		
5AMHN052.34	11/17/2008		0.3	12.1	6.9	8		
5AMHN052.34	2/4/2009		0.3	4.1	6.8	12.4		
5AMHN052.34	4/7/2009		0.3	14.6	7	8.3		
5AMHN052.34	6/3/2009		0.3	25.4	6.9	4.9		
5AMHN052.34	8/4/2009		0.3	27.2	6.8			
5AMHN052.34	10/6/2009		0.3	18.6	7.4			
5AMHN052.34	12/2/2009		0.3	8.3	7.3			
5AMHN052.34	1/5/2010		0.3	0.8	7.3			
5AMHN052.34	3/2/2010		0.3	5.3	7.3	12.2		
5AMHN052.34	5/12/2010	S	0.3	19.1	7.1	5.8		
5AMHN052.34	7/12/2010	S	0.3	27.9	6.9	2.6	·	
5AMHN052.34	9/15/2010	S	0.3	23.1	6.9	3.1	·	
5AMHN052.34	11/8/2010	S	0.3	10.3	6.8	9.8		
5AMHN052.34	2/7/2011	S	0.3	5.1	7.3	13.1		
5AMHN052.34	4/6/2011		0.3	12.8	7	9.1		
5AMHN052.34	6/8/2011		0.3	26.2	7.1	4.7		
	5.5,2011	-	5.5	20.2				I.

Station ID	Collection Date	Depth Desc	Depth	Temp Celcius	Field Ph	Do Probe	Do Winkler	Fdt Do Optical
5AMHN052.34	8/15/2011	S	0.3	27.1	7.2	4		
5AMHN052.34	10/5/2011	S	0.3	18.9	6.7	5.7		
90th Percentile				26.1	7.5			
10th Percentile				4.9	6.4			

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						SS, TOTAL
						AS CACO3)
Sta Id	Collection Date Time	Depth Desc	Denth	Container Id Desc	Value	Com Code
5AMHN052.34	12/19/1988 14:05	S	0.3	R	26	Join Jouc
5AMHN052.34	02/27/1989 10:10	S	0.3	R	18	
5AMHN052.34	04/18/1989 11:10	S	0.3	R	16	
5AMHN052.34	05/23/1989 16:00	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	06/22/1989 13:20	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	07/24/1989 11:00	S	0.3	R	26	
	09/19/1989 11:05	S	0.3	R	26	
	10/19/1989 10:45	S	0.3	R	30	
5AMHN052.34	11/16/1989 10:50	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	12/28/1989 10:35	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	01/31/1990 16:00	S	0.3	R	19	
5AMHN052.34	02/20/1990 11:20	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	03/20/1990 10:40	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	04/18/1990 13:20	S	0.3	R	22	
	05/17/1990 10:50	S	0.3	R	28	
5AMHN052.34	06/19/1990 11:10	S	0.3	R	27	
5AMHN052.34	07/16/1990 13:45	S	0.3	R	28	
5AMHN052.34	08/13/1990 10:45	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34		S	0.3	R	42	
	09/13/1990 11:30	S		R	30	
5AMHN052.34	10/11/1990 13:10 11/27/1990 12:00	S	0.3			
5AMHN052.34		S	0.3	R	28 28	
5AMHN052.34 5AMHN052.34	12/05/1990 10:40 01/28/1991 12:00	S	0.3	R R	32	
5AMHN052.34	02/12/1991 11:10	В	0.3	R	28	
5AMHN052.34	02/12/1991 11:10	S	0.09	R	28	
	03/28/1991 10:58	В	0.09	R	32	
5AMHN052.34	04/29/1991 12:40	S		R	32	
5AMHN052.34			0.09	R		
5AMHN052.34	05/23/1991 11:20	S	0.3		30	
5AMHN052.34	06/19/1991 12:00	S	0.3	R	48	
5AMHN052.34	07/22/1991 12:50	S		R	40	
5AMHN052.34	08/20/1991 10:45	S	0.3	R	26	
	09/19/1991 11:55	S	0.3	R	50	
	11/25/1991 10:23	S	0.3	R	26	
	12/19/1991 11:00	S	0.3	R	34	
	01/16/1992 12:08	S	0.3	R	22	
	02/25/1992 09:50	S	0.3	R	26	
	03/18/1992 10:45	S	0.3	R	15	
	04/28/1992 12:20	S	0.3	R	26	
	05/20/1992 10:10	S	0.3	R	26	
	06/22/1992 10:45	S	0.3	R	34	
	07/13/1992 12:37	S	0.3	R	36	
	08/20/1992 10:49	S	0.3	R	26	
5AMHN052.34	09/21/1992 10:40	S	0.3	R	36	
	10/20/1992 12:27	S	0.3	R	34	
	11/12/1992 10:30	S	0.3	R	35	
	12/08/1992 11:15	S	0.3	R	27	
	01/19/1993 12:11	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	02/17/1993 11:21	S	0.3	R	26	

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						SS TOTAL
					(MG/L AS CACO3) Value Com Code	
Sta Id	Collection Date Time	Depth Desc	Denth	Container Id Desc		
5AMHN052.34	03/16/1993 11:11	S	0.3	R	20	Join Jouc
5AMHN052.34	04/14/1993 10:33	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	05/17/1993 10:55	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	07/14/1993 11:50	S	0.3	R	40	
5AMHN052.34	08/11/1993 10:30	S	0.3	R	26	
	09/23/1993 12:55	S	0.3	R	40	
	10/21/1993 12:11	S	0.3	R	46	
	11/15/1993 11:22	S	0.3	R	40	
5AMHN052.34	12/15/1993 11:00	S	0.3	R	34	
5AMHN052.34	01/25/1994 11:55	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	02/16/1994 12:00	S	0.3	R	16	
5AMHN052.34	03/14/1994 11:56	S	0.3	R	18	
5AMHN052.34	04/13/1994 13:00	S	0.3	R	21	
5AMHN052.34	05/12/1994 10:30	S	0.3	R	24	
	06/13/1994 11:45	S	0.3	R	26	
5AMHN052.34	07/12/1994 14:14	S	0.3	R	26	
5AMHN052.34	08/04/1994 14:00	S	0.3	R	20	
		S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	09/14/1994 12:22 10/06/1994 13:12	S	0.3	R	20	
5AMHN052.34		S		R		
5AMHN052.34	11/03/1994 11:11		0.3		26	
5AMHN052.34	12/19/1994 10:22	S S	0.3	R	26	
5AMHN052.34	01/23/1995 13:22	S	0.3	R	23 27	
	02/21/1995 12:22		0.3	R		
	03/08/1995 13:00	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	04/11/1995 13:49	S	0.3	R	31	
5AMHN052.34	05/08/1995 10:30	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	06/06/1995 10:44	S	0.3	R	30	
5AMHN052.34	07/05/1995 15:30	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	08/03/1995 12:45	S	0.3	R	42	
5AMHN052.34	09/06/1995 09:00	S		R	32	
	10/02/1995 12:34	S	0.3	R	40	
	11/06/1995 10:40	S	0.3	R	30	
	12/06/1995 15:15	S	0.3	R	27	
	01/04/1996 13:41	S	0.3	R	26	
	02/14/1996 10:30	S	0.3	R	21	
	03/28/1996 12:30	S	0.3	R	28	
	04/09/1996 15:00	S	0.3	R	22	
	05/15/1996 12:44	S	0.3	R	24	
	06/17/1996 11:31	S	0.3	R	22	
	07/16/1996 13:52	S	0.3	R	25	
	08/14/1996 11:22	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	09/12/1996 09:00	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	10/28/1996 11:30	S	0.3	R	35	
	11/21/1996 10:40	S	0.3	R	26	
	12/18/1996 09:30	S	0.3	R	22	
	01/29/1997 13:40	S	0.3	R	25	
	02/11/1997 09:45	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	03/11/1997 09:45	S	0.3	R	24.3	

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					HARDNESS, TOTAL	
					(MG/L AS CACO3)	
Sta Id	Collection Date Time	Depth Desc	Donth	Container Id Desc	Value Com Code	
5AMHN052.34	04/24/1997 12:11	S	0.3	R	24.3	
5AMHN052.34	05/22/1997 11:19	S	0.3	R	25.7	
5AMHN052.34	06/18/1997 09:44	S	0.3	R	26.3	
5AMHN052.34	07/16/1997 12:00	S	0.3	R	24.1	
5AMHN052.34	08/05/1997 10:20	S	0.3	R	19.6	
		S	0.3	R		
	09/18/1997 14:30	S	0.3	R	22.5 26.1	
	10/15/1997 10:35	S	0.3	R	65.2	
	11/13/1997 13:45		0.3	R		
5AMHN052.34	12/16/1997 11:30	S			27.7	
5AMHN052.34	01/13/1998 13:00	S	0.3	R	17.6	
5AMHN052.34	02/10/1998 11:30	S	0.3	R	22.2	
5AMHN052.34	03/09/1998 13:15	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	04/09/1998 11:20	S	0.3	R	15	
5AMHN052.34	05/21/1998 13:00	S	0.3	R	20.3	
	06/17/1998 07:45	S	0.3	R	22.7	
5AMHN052.34	07/23/1998 10:10	S	0.3	R	27.1	
5AMHN052.34	08/26/1998 11:15	S	0.3	R	19.6	
5AMHN052.34	09/29/1998 11:11	S	0.3	R	19.3	
5AMHN052.34	10/29/1998 11:50	S	0.3	R	28	
5AMHN052.34	11/30/1998 12:25	S	0.3	R	26	
5AMHN052.34	12/17/1998 10:55	S	0.3	R	27.1	
5AMHN052.34	01/20/1999 12:15	S	0.3	R	46	
5AMHN052.34	02/17/1999 10:10	S	0.3	R	44	
	03/29/1999 13:30	S	0.3	R	20	
5AMHN052.34	04/15/1999 12:00	S	0.3	R	28	
5AMHN052.34	05/24/1999 13:45	S	0.3	R	36	
5AMHN052.34	06/17/1999 11:33	S	0.3	R	25.9	
5AMHN052.34	07/13/1999 11:33	S	0.3	R	13	
5AMHN052.34	08/12/1999 10:50	S	0.3	R	17.5	
5AMHN052.34	09/02/1999 13:30	S	0.3	R	13.6	
	11/08/1999 12:00	S	0.3	R	16.2	
	12/21/1999 15:22	S	0.3	R	24	
	01/12/2000 14:30	S	0.3	R	25.9	
	02/24/2000 10:00	S	0.3	R	14	
	03/20/2000 13:20	S	0.3	R	19	
	04/17/2000 12:15	S	0.3	R	17	
	05/15/2000 14:40	S	0.3	R	11	
	06/26/2000 12:05	S	0.3	R	24.9	
	07/24/2000 13:00	S	0.3	R	22.5	
	08/14/2000 12:00	S	0.3	R	21.7	
	09/07/2000 13:00	S	0.3	R	13.9	
	10/19/2000 12:15	S	0.3	R	24	
	11/15/2000 12:20	S	0.3	R	28.1	
	12/14/2000 11:10	S	0.3	R	19.5	
	01/09/2001 11:30	S	0.3	R	24.2	
5AMHN052.34	02/12/2001 09:20	S	0.3	R	21.6	
5AMHN052.34	03/08/2001 11:45	S	0.3	R	12.5	
5AMHN052.34	04/09/2001 09:35	S	0.3	R	7.9	

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						ESS, TOTAL
					(MG/L AS CACO3)	
Sta Id	Collection Date Time	Depth Desc	Depth	Container Id Desc	Value	Com Code
5AMHN052.34	06/20/2001 12:10	S	0.3	R	15.5	
5AMHN052.34	08/27/2001 13:30	S	0.3	R	6.9	
5AMHN052.34	10/09/2001 13:40	S	0.3	R	34.1	
5AMHN052.34	12/20/2001 12:50	S	0.3	R	12.8	
5AMHN052.34	02/25/2002 13:20	S	0.3	R	35	
5AMHN052.34	04/18/2002 12:30	S	0.3	R	25.3	
5AMHN052.34	07/02/2002 14:30	S	0.3	R	52.2	
5AMHN052.34	07/30/2002 13:15	S	0.3	R	42	
5AMHN052.34	09/05/2002 13:30	S	0.3	R	18.5	
5AMHN052.34	11/25/2002 12:00	S	0.3	R	10	U
5AMHN052.34	01/30/2003 13:10	S	0.3	R	17.3	
5AMHN052.34	03/27/2003 13:25	S	0.3	R	19.8	
5AMHN052.34	07/14/2003 14:30	S	0.3	R	33.2	
5AMHN052.34	09/29/2003 13:20	S	0.3	R	15.8	
5AMHN052.34	12/01/2003 12:25	S	0.3	R	29	
5AMHN052.34	01/29/2004 13:23	S	0.3	R	31	
5AMHN052.34	03/16/2004 11:45	S	0.3	R	21.5	
5AMHN052.34	05/25/2004 11:30	S	0.3	R	26	
5AMHN052.34	08/24/2004 12:40	S	0.3	R	10	U
5AMHN052.34	10/13/2004 13:30	S	0.3	R	32	
5AMHN052.34	12/08/2004 12:22	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	02/14/2005 11:00	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	04/25/2005 12:05	S	0.3	R	26.8	
5AMHN052.34	06/07/2005 12:15	S	0.3	R	30	
5AMHN052.34	08/04/2005 12:40	S	0.3	R	24	
5AMHN052.34	10/24/2005 13:40	S	0.3	R	18	
5AMHN052.34	12/19/2005 13:22	S	0.3	R	17	
5AMHN052.34	02/22/2006 12:00	S	0.3	R	23	
5AMHN052.34	04/13/2006 12:25	S	0.3	S1	30	
5AMHN052.34	06/26/2006 13:05	S	0.3	R	20	
5AMHN052.34	08/17/2006 10:55	S	0.3	R	31	
5AMHN052.34	10/18/2006 11:15	S	0.3	R	20	
5AMHN052.34	12/19/2006 12:15	S	0.3	R	22	
5AMHN052.34	01/16/2007 11:20	S	0.3	R	20	
Average					26	

Attachment F: Effluent Water Quality Criteria Monitoring data, DMR data

Application (EPA Form 2A) data

Parameter	Maximum Daily Value		Average Daily Value			
	Value	Units	Value	Units	No. Samples	
pH (minimum)	6.34	S.U.				
pH (maximum)	7.80	S.U.				
Flow Rate	2.569	MGD	0.801	MGD	365	
Temperature (Winter)	19.9	°C	15.1	NA	151	
Temperature						
(Summer)	29.4	°C	24.1	NA	214	

Maximum Daily Pollutant Discharge			l A	Average Daily Discharge			
	Conc.	Units	Conc.	Units	No. Samples		
BOD ₅	26.1	mg/L	3.58	mg/l	156	5.0	
E. coli	17600	N/100 mL	56	N/100 ml	261	1/100 mL	
TSS	11.1	mg/L	7.3	mg/l	12	2.0 mg/L	
Ammonia (as N)	<ql< td=""><td>mg/L</td><td><ql< td=""><td>mg/L</td><td>3</td><td>0.10</td></ql<></td></ql<>	mg/L	<ql< td=""><td>mg/L</td><td>3</td><td>0.10</td></ql<>	mg/L	3	0.10	
TRC	<ql< td=""><td>mg/L</td><td><ql< td=""><td>mg/L</td><td>3</td><td>0.10</td></ql<></td></ql<>	mg/L	<ql< td=""><td>mg/L</td><td>3</td><td>0.10</td></ql<>	mg/L	3	0.10	
Dissolved Oxygen	12.1	mg/L	9.4	mg/L	365	+/- 0.03 mg/L	
TKN	5.23	mg/L	3.09	mg/L	3	0.50	
Nitrate + Nitrite Nitrogen	8.79	mg/L	6.21	mg/L	3	0.05	
Oil and Grease	5.0	mg/L	1.67	mg/L	3	5.0	
Total Phosphorus	3.05	mg/L	1.96	mg/L	3	0.10	
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	1250	mg/L	897	mg/L	3	10	

Note: The high maximum *E. coli* count is due to an upset that occurred at the plant during the fourth quarter of 2011. Please refer to the Site Inspection Report and the Compliance Inspection Report in **Attachment D** for specific details regarding the upset. The facility was issued a NOV for the limitation violations on 12/8/2011 and has since come back into compliance with the permit. The December 2011 NOV is the only enforcement action that the facility has received during the course of the 2007 permit term.

There are no aquatic life criteria for total dissolved solids. There is a human health (public water supply) criterion to maintain acceptable taste, odor, and aesthetic quality of drinking water that applies at the drinking water intake. This criterion of 500,000 mg/L far exceeds the TDS concentration reported on the application.

The facility is not located in the Chesapeake Bay watershed and is therefore not required to register for coverage under the General VPDES Watershed Permit Regulation for Total Nitrogen and Total Phosphorus Discharges and Nutrient Trading in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed in Virginia. Further evaluation of nutrients phosphorus and nitrogen is not warranted.

ATTACHMENT A DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER QUALITY CRITERIA MONITORING

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENC)
		META	\LS			
7440-36-0	Antimony, dissolved	(3)	1.4	0.60 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
7440-38-2	Arsenic, dissolved	(3)	1.0	0.69 ug/l	G or (5)	1/5 YR
7440-43-9	Cadmium, dissolved	(3)	0.3	0.33 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
16065-83-1	Chromium III, dissolved (8)	(3)	3.6	0.50 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
18540-29-9	Chromium VI, dissolved (8)	(3)	1.6	0.50 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
7440-50-8	Copper, dissolved	(3)	0.50	5.6 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
7439-92-1	Lead, dissolved	(3)	0.50	0.50 ug/l	G or 🔾	1/5 YR
7439-97-6	Mercury, dissolved	(3)	1.0	N/D	G or $\hat{\mathcal{O}}$	1/5 YR
7440-02-0	Nickel, dissolved	(3)	0.94	2.3 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
7782-49-2	Selenium, Total Recoverable	(3)	2.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
7440-22-4	Silver, dissolved	(3)	0.20	< 0.5 ug/l	G or 🕝	1/5 YR
7440-28-0	Thallium, dissolved	(4)	(5)	< 0.10 ug/i	G or (C)	1/5 YR
7440-66-6	Zinc, dissolved	(3)	3.6	47.0 ug/l	G or(C)	1/5 YR
		PESTICIDE	S/PCB'S			
309-00-2	Aldrin	608	0.05	< .005 ug/l	G o(C)	1/5 YR
57-74-9	Chlordane	608	0.2	< 0.2 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
2921-88-2	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban)	(4)	(5)	< 0.2 ug/l	G or(C)	1/5 YR
72-54-8	DDD	608	0.1	< 0.1 ug/l	G or(C)	1/5 YR
72-55-9	DDE	608	0.1	< QL	G or(C)	1/5 YR
50-29-3	DDT	608	0.1	< 0.1 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
8065-48-3	Demeton	(4)	(5)	< 1.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
333-41-5	Diazinon	(4)	(5)	< 1.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
60-57-1	Dieldrin	608	0.1	< .005 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
959-98-8	Alpha-Endosulfan	608	0.1	< 0.1 ug/l	G orC	1/5 YR
33213-65-9	Beta-Endosulfan	608	0.1	< .04 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
1031-07-8	Endosulfan Sulfate	608	0.1	< .01 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
72-20-8	Endrin	608	0.1	< 0.1 ug/l	G o(C)	1/5 YR
7421-93-4	Endrin Aldehyde	(4)	(5)	< 0.2 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
86-50-0	Guthion	(4)	(5)	< 1.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
76-44-8	Heptachlor	608	0.05	< 0.05 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epoxide	(4)	(5)	< 0.2 ug/l	G or Ĉ	1/5 YR
319-84-6	Hexachlorocyclohexane Alpha-BHC	608	(5)	< 0.02 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
319-85-7	Hexachlorocyclohexane Beta-BHC	608	(5)	< 0.05 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
58-89-9	Hexachlorocyclohexane Gamma-BHC or Lindane	608	(5)	< 0.02 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
143-50-0	Kepone	(9)	(5)	ND ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
121-75-5	Malathion	(4)	(5)	< 1.0 ug/l	G or 🕞	1/5 YR
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	(4)	(5)	< 2.0 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
2385-85-5	Mirex	(4)	(5)	< 0.1 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
56-38-2	Parathion	(4)	(5)	< 1.0 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
1336-36-3	PCB Total	608	7.0	< 7.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	608	5.0	< 3.0 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
	BASE N	EUTRAL E	XTRACTAE	BLES		
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or 🕒	< 5.0 ug/l 1/5 YR
120-12-7	Anthracene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
92-87-5	Benzidine	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
56-55-3	Benzo (a) anthracene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or ①	1/5 YR
205-99-2	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
207-08-9	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
50-32-8	Benzo (a) pyrene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or ©	1/5 YR
111-44-4	Bis 2-Chloroethyl Ether	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
108-60-1	Bis 2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l<	G or©	1/5 YR
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or©	1/5 YR
		005	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or(C)	1/5 YR
218-01-9	Chrysene	625	10.0	- 0.0 ag/i	0.00	170 110

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate (synonym = Di-n-Butyl Phthalate)	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or Ĉ	1/5 YR
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	624	10.0	ND	(G)or C	1/5 YR
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	624	10.0	ND	6 or C	1/5 YR
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	624	10.0	ND	/G or C	1/5 YR
91-94-1	3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G) or C	1/5 YR
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
117-81-7	Bis-2-ethylhexyl phthalate	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (C)	1/5 YR
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (C)	1/5 YR
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
122-66-7	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
86-73-7	Fluorene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (C)	1/5 YR
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	625	20.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
78-59-1	Isophorone	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
62-75-9	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (C)	1/5 YR
621-64-7	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (Ĉ)	1/5 YR
129-00-0	Pyrene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
		VOLAT	ILES	esserving and the second secon		
107-02-8	Acrolein	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
71-43-2	Benzene	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
75-25-2	Bromoform	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene (synonym = monochlorobenzene)	624	50.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
124-48-1	Chlorodibromomethane	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
67-66-3	Chloroform	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
75-09-2	Dichloromethane (synonym = methylene chloride)	624	20.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
156-60-5	1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
542-75-6	1,3-Dichloropropene	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
10-88-3	Toluene	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	(4)	(5)	ND	G	1/5 YR
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	624	10.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
	ACII	D EXTRAC	CTABLES (6			
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
120-83-2	2,4 Dichlorophenol	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
105-67-9	2,4 Dimethylphenol	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	(4)	(5)	< 20.0 ug/l	G or C	1/5 YR
534-52-1	2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	(4)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (C)	1/5 YR
25154-52-3	Nonylphenol	(5)	(5)	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (c)	1/5 YR
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	625	50.0	< 10.0 ug/l	G or (C)	1/5 YR
108-95-2	Phenol	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or (C)	1/5 YR
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	625	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G or 🕙	1/5 YR

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY		
	MISCELLANEOUS							
776-41-7	Ammonia as NH3-N	350.1	200	0.10 mg/l	С	1/5 YR		
16887-00-6	Chlorides	(4)	(5)	67.9 mg/l	С	1/5 YR		
7782-50-5	Chlorine, Total Residual	(4)	100	< 0.10 mg/l	G	1/5 YR		
57-12-5	Cyanide, Free	(4)	10.0	< 5.0 ug/l	G	1/5 YR		
N/A	E. coli / Enterococcus (N/CML)	(4)	(5)	22 N/CML	G	1/5 YR		
7783-06-4	Hydrogen Sulfide	(5)	(5)	< 20.0 ug/l	G	1/5 YR		
60-10-5	Tributyltin (7)	NBSR 85-3295	(5)	ND	G or C	1/5 YR		
	Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	(4)	(5)	101 mg/l	G or C (10)	1/5 YR		

Brian S. Thrower, City Manager

Name of Principal Exec. Officer or Authorized Agent/Title

Signature of Principal Officer or Authorized Agent/Date

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 and 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1319. (Penalties under these statutes may include fines up to \$10,000 and or maximum imprisonment of between 6 months and 5 years.)

FOOTNOTES:

(1) Quantification level (QL) is defined as the lowest concentration used for the calibration of a measurement system when the calibration is in accordance with the procedures published for the required method.

The quantification levels indicated for the metals are actually Specific Target Values developed for this permit. The Specific Target Value is the approximate value that may initiate a wasteload allocation analysis. Target values are not wasteload allocations or effluent limitations. The Specific Target Values are subject to change based on additional information such as hardness data, receiving stream flow, and design flows.

Units for the quantification level are micrograms/liter unless otherwise specified.

Quality control and quality assurance information shall be submitted to document that the required quantification level has been attained.

(2) Sample Type

G = Grab = An individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes. Substances specified with "grab" sample type shall only be collected as grabs. The permittee may analyze multiple grabs and report

the average results provided that the individual grab results are also reported. For grab metals samples, the individual samples shall be filtered and preserved immediately upon collection.

C = Composite = A 24-hour (PW - Revise as required to require same composite duration as BOD₅) composite unless otherwise specified. The composite shall be a combination of individual samples, taken proportional to flow, obtained at hourly or smaller time intervals. The individual samples may be of equal volume for flows that do not vary by +/- 10 percent over a 24-hour period.

(3) A specific analytical method is not specified; however a target value for each metal has been established. An appropriate method to meet the target value shall be selected from the following list of EPA methods (or any approved method presented in 40 CFR Part 136). If the test result is less than the method QL, a "<[QL]" shall be reported where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].

Metal	Analytical Method				
Antimony	1638; 1639				
Arsenic	1632				
Chromium ⁽⁸⁾	1639				
Cadmium	1637; 1638; 1639; 1640				
Chromium VI	1639				
Copper	1638; 1640				
Lead	1637; 1638; 1640				
Mercury	1631				
Nickel	1638; 1639; 1640				
Selenium	1638; 1639				
Silver	1638				
Zinc	1638; 1639				

- (4) Any approved method presented in 40 CFR Part 136.
- (5) The QL is at the discretion of the permittee. For any substances addressed in 40 CFR Part 136, the permittee shall use one of the approved methods in 40 CFR Part 136.
- (6) Testing for phenols requires continuous extraction.
- (7) Analytical Methods: NBSR 85-3295 or DEQ's approved analysis for Tributyltin may also be used [See A Manual for the Analysis of Butyltins in Environmental Systems by the Virginia Institute of Marine Science, dated November 1996].
- (8) Both Chromium III and Chromium VI may be measured by the total chromium analysis. If the result of the total chromium analysis is less than or equal to the lesser of the Chromium III or Chromium VI method QL, the results for both Chromium III and Chromium VI can be reported as "<[QL]", where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].
- (9) The lab may use SW846 Method 8270D provided the lab has an Initial Demonstration of Capability, has passed a PT for Kepone, and meets the acceptance criteria for Kepone as given in Method 8270D
- (10) The sample type for Hardness (as CaCO₃) shall match the sample type selected for Dissolved Metals

Table 1. Flow DMR data

Monthly Average (MGD)	Maximum (MGD)	DMR due date
0.796	1.148	10-Jul-07
0.701	0.813	10-Aug-07
0.870	1.275	10-Sep-07
0.748	0.930	10-Oct-07
0.832	1.806	10-Nov-07
0.652	0.762	10-Dec-07
0.711	1.010	10-Jan-08
0.863	1.310	10-Feb-08
0.896	1.370	10-Mar-08
0.977	1.266	10-Apr-08
1.121	1.601	10-May-08
0.965	1.388	10-Jun-08
0.849	0.970	10-Jul-08
0.872	1.290	10-Aug-08
0.734	0.881	10-Sep-08
0.791	1.191	10-Oct-08
0.679	0.846	10-Nov-08
0.711	1.006	10-Dec-08
0.845	1.231	10-Jan-09
0.848	1.113	10-Feb-09
0.757	0.909	10-Mar-09
1.082	1.440	10-Apr-09
1.040	1.405	10-May-09
1.065	1.395	10-May-03
1.163	1.697	10-Jul-09
0.975	1.490	10-Aug-09
0.868	1.262	10-Sep-09
0.849	1.148	10-Oct-09
0.695	0.875	10-Nov-09
0.916	1.205	10-Nec-09
1.395	1.982	10-Jan-10
1.308	1.801	10-5an-10
1.515	1.912	10-Mar-10
1.169	1.667	10-Apr-10
1.061	1.934	10-Api-10
1.074	1.953	10-May-10
0.952	1.192	10-Jul-10
0.806	1.023	10-Aug-10
0.662	0.862	10-Aug-10
0.723	1.767	10-Oct-10
0.835	1.849	10-Nov-10
0.643	0.785	10-Dec-10
0.774	1.124	10-Jan-11
0.771	1.070	10-Feb-11
0.805	1.108	10-Mar-11
0.888	1.478	10-Apr-11
0.916	1.174	10-May-11
0.822	0.990	10-Jun-11
0.720	0.777	10-Jul-11
0.766	1.166	10-Aug-11

Table 2. pH DMR data

Minimum (SU)	Maximum (SU)	DMR due date
6.71	7.80	10-Jul-07
7.15	7.58	10-Aug-07
7.15	7.70	10-Sep-07
7.32	7.72	10-Oct-07
7.20	7.71	10-Nov-07
7.38	7.92	
		10-Dec-07
7.00	7.87	10-Jan-08
6.88	7.61	10-Feb-08
6.87	7.60	10-Mar-08
6.72	7.44	10-Apr-08
7.00	7.56	10-May-08
6.91	7.77	10-Jun-08
7.05	7.76	10-Jul-08
6.98	7.84	10-Aug-08
7.15	7.75	10-Sep-08
7.00	7.58	10-Oct-08
7.16	7.56	10-Nov-08
7.08	7.55	10-Dec-08
6.42	7.44	10-Jan-09
6.77	7.43	10-Feb-09
7.15	7.61	10-Mar-09
6.97	7.46	10-Apr-09
6.97	7.36	10-May-09
7.00	7.48	10-Jun-09
6.69	7.44	10-Jul-09
6.89	7.60	10-Aug-09
7.11	7.64	10-Sep-09
7.20	7.69	10-Oct-09
7.15	7.63	10-Nov-09
7.05	7.72	10-Dec-09
6.51	7.46	10-Jan-10
6.62	7.28	10-Feb-10
6.57	7.30	10-Mar-10
6.85	7.56	10-Apr-10
6.75	7.44	10-May-10
6.78	7.48	10-Jun-10
7.15	7.61	10-Jul-10
6.89	7.64	10-Aug-10
7.15	7.72	10-Sep-10
6.99	7.54	10-Oct-10
6.85	7.74	10-Nov-10
7.08	7.63	10-Nov-10
6.93	7.65	10-Dec-10
7.03	7.45	10-Feb-11
7.03	7.45	10-Mar-11
6.82	7.33	10-Apr-11
6.68	7.30	10-Api-11
7.08	7.80	10-Jun-11
7.25	7.77	10-Jul-11
7.17	7.66	10-Aug-11
	90 th percentile max: 7.77	10 th percentile max: 7.36

Table 3. BOD₅ DMR data

Monthly Average	Monthly	Weekly Average	Monthly Average	DMR due
(mg/L)	Average	(mg/L)	(kg/d)	date
. 5. /	(kg/d)	, 6, ,		
7.72	22.75	10.60	30.09	10-Jul-07
8.09	20.79	8.59	23.97	10-Aug-07
4.84	16.21	7.83	28.66	10-Sep-07
4.79	13.22	6.68	18.36	10-Oct-07
1.36	4.29	2.48	8.23	10-Nov-07
2.53	6.06	2.20	5.13	10-Dec-07
2.79	7.08	4.94	13.02	10-Jan-08
>25.99	>84.78	>38.78	>122.08	10-Feb-08
5	16	9	32	10-Mar-08
5	22	18	78	10-Apr-08
2.5	10	5.0	19	10-May-08
1.2	6	5.2	24	10-Jun-08
0.4	2	1.9	7	10-Jul-08
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Aug-08</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Aug-08</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Aug-08</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Aug-08</td></ql<>	10-Aug-08
0.9	3	2.2	7	10-Sep-08
0.5	1	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Oct-08</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Oct-08</td></ql<>	10-Oct-08
1.1	3	2.6	7	10-Nov-08
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Dec-08</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Dec-08</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Dec-08</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Dec-08</td></ql<>	10-Dec-08
0.8	2	1.8	8	10-Jan-09
1.0	3	2.1	5	10-Feb-09
1.1	3	3.8	11	10-Mar-09
5.4	20	7.5	32	10-Mar-09
4.0	16	8.1	29	10-May-09
1.6	7	2.6	11	10-May-09
1.6	6	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Jul-09</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Jul-09</td></ql<>	10-Jul-09
3.1	11	2.1	7	10-Aug-09
1.8	5	5.3	16	10-Sep-09
0.7	2	3.4	10	10-Gep-09
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<>	10-Nov-09
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Nov-09</td></ql<>	10-Nov-09
2.8	15	4.8	28	10-Dec-09
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-5an-10</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-5an-10</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-5an-10</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-5an-10</td></ql<>	10-5an-10
8.7	55	30.2	196	10-Mar-10
4.0	19	3.5	15	
0.7	5	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Apr-10</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Apr-10</td></ql<>	10-Apr-10
	<ql< td=""><td><ql <ql< td=""><td><ql <ql< td=""><td>10-May-10 10-Jun-10</td></ql<></ql </td></ql<></ql </td></ql<>	<ql <ql< td=""><td><ql <ql< td=""><td>10-May-10 10-Jun-10</td></ql<></ql </td></ql<></ql 	<ql <ql< td=""><td>10-May-10 10-Jun-10</td></ql<></ql 	10-May-10 10-Jun-10
0.4		1.9		
	2		6 8	10-Jul-10
0.5		2.3		10-Aug-10
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Sep-10</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Sep-10</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Sep-10</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Sep-10</td></ql<>	10-Sep-10
0.8	2	2.0	5	10-Oct-10
2.7	9.0	6.3	24	10-Nov-10
0.9	2.3	1.9	4.4	10-Dec-10
4.1	13.0	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Jan-11</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Jan-11</td></ql<>	10-Jan-11
1.1	3.2	2.6	7.6	10-Feb-11
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Mar-11</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Mar-11</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Mar-11</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Mar-11</td></ql<>	10-Mar-11
1.4	4.0	3.7	10	10-Apr-11
2.4	8.8	9.6	35	10-May-11
<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Jun-11</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Jun-11</td></ql<></td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""><td>10-Jun-11</td></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""><td>10-Jun-11</td></ql<>	10-Jun-11

<ql< th=""><th><ql< th=""><th><ql< th=""><th><ql< th=""><th>10-Jul-11</th></ql<></th></ql<></th></ql<></th></ql<>	<ql< th=""><th><ql< th=""><th><ql< th=""><th>10-Jul-11</th></ql<></th></ql<></th></ql<>	<ql< th=""><th><ql< th=""><th>10-Jul-11</th></ql<></th></ql<>	<ql< th=""><th>10-Jul-11</th></ql<>	10-Jul-11
0.5	1.1	1.8	4.5	10-Aug-11

Table 4. TSS DMR data

Monthly Average	Monthly	Weekly Average	Monthly Average	DMR due
(mg/L)	Average	(mg/L)	(kg/d)	date
(0) /	(kg/d)	0, 7	(0) - 1	
15.04	42.49	9.89	28.48	10-Jul-07
7.42	17.99	7.42	17.99	10-Aug-07
5.60	15.43	5.60	15.43	10-Sep-07
5.35	12.43	5.35	12.43	10-Oct-07
4.50	14.07	3.20	10.36	10-Nov-07
4.80	9.41	4.80	9.41	10-Dec-07
11.50	29.73	11.50	29.73	10-Jan-08
5.75	18.28	5.75	18.28	10-Feb-08
9	33	9	33	10-Mar-08
2.2	6.2	2.2	6.2	10-Apr-08
7.4	42	7.4	42	10-May-08
2.9	10	2.9	10	10-Jun-08
6.4	22	6.4	22	10-Jul-08
5.1	22	5.1	22	10-Aug-08
4.0	12	4.0	12	10-Sep-08
8.1	24	8.1	24	10-Oct-08
14.1	36	14.1	36	10-Nov-08
3.9	9	3.9	9	10-Dec-08
26	74	26	74	10-Jan-09
16	34	16	34	10-Feb-09
2.8	8	2.8	8	10-Mar-09
12.8	52	12.8	52	10-Apr-09
11.0	44	11.0	44	10-May-09
10	43	10	43	10-Jun-09
14	79	14	79	10-Jul-09
14	46	14	46	10-Aug-09
13	45	13	45	10-Sep-09
5.9	19	5.9	19	10-Oct-09
8.8	24	8.8	24	10-Nov-09
10	30	10	30	10-Dec-09
6.7	27	6.7	27	10-Jan-10
6.4	27	6.4	27	10-Feb-10
4.5	23	4.5	23	10-Mar-10
11	42	11	42	10-Apr-10
6.8	25	6.8	25	10-May-10
5.2	17	5.2	17	10-Jun-10
4.6	18	4.6	18	10-Jul-10
4.2	13	4.2	13	10-Aug-10
5.5	14	5.5	14	10-Sep-10
11	27	11	27	10-Oct-10
9.4	27	9.4	27	10-Nov-10
9.0	25	9.0	25	10-Dec-10
9.6	22	9.6	22	10-Jan-11
4.4	14	4.4	14	10-Feb-11
8.8	29	8.8	29	10-Mar-11

Monthly Average (mg/L)	Monthly Average (kg/d)	Weekly Average (mg/L)	Monthly Average (kg/d)	DMR due date
8.6	36	8.5	31	10-Apr-11
11	31	11	31	10-May-11
7.2	22	7.2	22	10-Jun-11
8.0	22	8.0	22	10-Jul-11
2.9 9		2.9	9	10-Aug-11

Table 5. Dissolved Oxygen and E. coli DMR data

DO minimum (mg/L)	E. coli count (N/100mL)	DMR due date
7.0	200	10-Jul-07
6.6	117	10-Aug-07
6.8	46	10-Sep-07
6.7	49	10-Oct-07
7.0	65	10-Nov-07
8.0	26	10-Dec-07
8.8	24	10-Jan-08
9.4	489	10-Feb-08
8.4	49	10-Mar-08
8.6	17	10-Apr-08
8.4	71	10-May-08
7.6	62	10-Jun-08
6.9	75	10-Jul-08
6.8	18	10-Aug-08
6.8	34	10-Sep-08
6.8	31	10-Oct-08
7.6	21	10-Nov-08
8.2	42	10-Dec-08
7.5	51	10-Jan-09
8.2	16	10-Feb-09
9.5	16	10-Mar-09
6.8	22	10-Apr-09
8.1	36	10-May-09
7.6	54	10-Jun-09
7.2	36	10-Jul-09
6.9	33	10-Aug-09
6.8	30	10-Sep-09
6.4	24	10-Oct-09
7.7	30	10-Nov-09
6.8	37	10-Dec-09
8.9	33	10-Jan-10
9.4	27	10-Feb-10
9.8	63	10-Mar-10
9.2	92	10-Apr-10
8.0	38	10-May-10
7.8	39	10-Jun-10
7.0	61	10-Jul-10
6.6	61	10-Aug-10
6.8	92	10-Sep-10
6.8	148	10-Oct-10
6.8	34	10-Nov-10

VA0020346 DMR data 2007-2011 Outfall 001

DO minimum (mg/L)	E. coli count (N/100mL)	DMR due date
8.1	17	10-Dec-10
8.9	43	10-Jan-11
9.6	4	10-Feb-11
8.4	26	10-Mar-11
9.0	34	10-Apr-11
6.2	36	10-May-11
6.2	57	10-Jun-11
7.0	29	10-Jul-11
7.0	52	10-Aug-11

Attachment G: Mix.exe, MSTRANTI data source report, MSTRANTI

mix printout.txt

```
Mixing Zone Predictions for
                                          Emporia WWTP
Effluent Flow = 1.5 \text{ MGD}
Stream 7Q10 = 12 MGD
Stream 30Q10 = 18 \text{ MGD}
Stream 1Q10
             = 4.9 MGD
Stream slope = .00054 \text{ ft/ft}
Stream width = 34 \text{ ft}
Bottom scale =
Channel scale =
Mixing Zone Predictions @ 7Q10
               = 1.2703 ft
Depth
               = 1185.07 ft
Length
Velocity = .4838 ft/sec
Residence Time = .0283 days
Recommendation:
A complete mix assumption is appropriate for this situation and the entire 7Q10
may be used.
Mixing Zone Predictions @ 30Q10
Depth
               = 1.5951 ft
Length
               = 968.84 ft
              = .5566 ft/sec
Velocity
Residence Time = .0201 days
Recommendation:
A complete mix assumption is appropriate for this situation and the entire 30Q10
may be used.
_____
Mixing Zone Predictions @ 1Q10
               = .8034 ft
= 1766.23 ft
Depth
Length
Velocity = .3627 ft/sec
Residence Time = 1.3527 hours
Recommendation:
A complete mix assumption is appropriate for this situation providing no more than
73.93% of the 1Q10 is used.
```

Page 1

Virginia DEQ Mixing Zone Analysis Version 2.1

MSTRANTI DATA SOURCE REPORT

Stream in	formation							
Mean Hardness								
90% Temperature (annual)	Ambient Stream Station 5AMHN052.34							
90% Maximum pH	Ambient Stream Station SAIVINIOS2.34							
10% Maximum pH								
Tier Designation	Tier Determination (Tier 1)							
Stream	Flows							
All Data	Flow Frequency Determination (Attachment A)							
Mixing In	nformation							
All Data	Mix.exe							
Effluent Ir	formation							
Mean Hardness	Permit application (Attachment A)							
90 th percentile Temperature (annual)	Calculated from 2009-2011 effluent data (27°C)							
90% Maximum pH	Calculated from DMR data							
10% Maximum pH	Calculated from DMR data							
Discharge flow	Design Flow (1.5 MGD)							

Data Location:

Flow Frequency Memo (Stream Information) – Attachment A DMR and effluent data- Attachment F

FRESHWATER WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Facility Name: Emporia WWTP Permit No.: VA0020346

Receiving Stream: Weherrin River Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Stream Information												
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	26	mg/L										
90% Temperature (Annual) =	26.1	deg C										
90% Temperature (Wet season) =		deg C										
90% Maximum pH =	7.5	SU										
10% Maximum pH =	6.4	SU										
Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	1											
Public Water Supply (PWS) Y/N? =	n											
Trout Present Y/N? =	n											
Early Life Stages Present Y/N? =	у											

Stream Flows		
1Q10 (Annual) =	4.9	MGD
7Q10 (Annual) =	12	MGD
30Q10 (Annual) =	18	MGD
1Q10 (Wet season) =	64	MGD
30Q10 (Wet season)	164	MGD
30Q5 =	26	MGD
Harmonic Mean =	93.1	MGD

Mixing Information		
Annual - 1Q10 Mix =	73.93	%
- 7Q10 Mix =	100	%
- 30Q10 Mix =	0 Mix = 73.93 % 0 Mix = 100 % 10 Mix = 100 % 1Q10 Mix = %	
Wet Season - 1Q10 Mix =		%
- 30Q10 Mix =	, ,	

Effluent Information		
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	101	mg/L
90% Temp (Annual) =	27	deg C
90% Temp (Wet season) =		deg C
90% Maximum pH =	7.77	SU
10% Maximum pH =	7.36	SU
Discharge Flow =	1.5	MGD

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	lity Criteria			Wasteload	Allocations		,	Antidegrada	ation Baseline		А	ntidegradation	Allocations			Most Limiting Allocations			
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic F	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	
Acenapthene	5			na	9.9E+02			na	1.8E+04										-	na	1.8E+04	
Acrolein	0			na	9.3E+00			na	1.7E+02											na	1.7E+02	
Acrylonitrile ^C	0			na	2.5E+00			na	1.6E+02											na	1.6E+02	
Aldrin ^C	0	3.0E+00		na	5.0E-04	1.0E+01		na	3.2E-02									1.0E+01	-	na	3.2E-02	
Ammonia-N (mg/l) (Yearly) Ammonia-N (mg/l)	0	1.81E+01	2.03E+00	na		6.17E+01	2.64E+01	na								-		6.17E+01	2.64E+01	na		
(High Flow)	0	1.28E+01	3.30E+00	na		1.28E+01	3.30E+00	na										1.28E+01	3.30E+00	na		
Anthracene	0			na	4.0E+04			na	7.3E+05											na	7.3E+05	
Antimony	0			na	6.4E+02			na	1.2E+04											na	1.2E+04	
Arsenic	0	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	na		1.2E+03	1.4E+03	na										1.2E+03	1.4E+03	na		
Barium	0			na				na												na		
Benzene ^C	0			na	5.1E+02			na	3.2E+04											na	3.2E+04	
Benzidine ^C	0			na	2.0E-03			na	1.3E-01											na	1.3E-01	
Benzo (a) anthracene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.1E+01											na	1.1E+01	
Benzo (b) fluoranthene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.1E+01											na	1.1E+01	
Benzo (k) fluoranthene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.1E+01											na	1.1E+01	
Benzo (a) pyrene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.1E+01											na	1.1E+01	
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether ^C	0			na	5.3E+00			na	3.3E+02											na	3.3E+02	
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	0			na	6.5E+04			na	1.2E+06											na	1.2E+06	
Bis 2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate ^C	0			na	2.2E+01			na	1.4E+03										-	na	1.4E+03	
Bromoform ^C	0			na	1.4E+03			na	8.8E+04										-	na	8.8E+04	
Butylbenzylphthalate	0			na	1.9E+03			na	3.5E+04										-	na	3.5E+04	
Cadmium	0	1.7E+00	4.9E-01	na		5.8E+00	4.4E+00	na										5.8E+00	4.4E+00	na		
Carbon Tetrachloride C	0			na	1.6E+01			na	1.0E+03										-	na	1.0E+03	
Chlordane ^C	0	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	na	8.1E-03	8.2E+00	3.9E-02	na	5.1E-01									8.2E+00	3.9E-02	na	5.1E-01	
Chloride	0	8.6E+05	2.3E+05	na		2.9E+06	2.1E+06	na										2.9E+06	2.1E+06	na		
TRC	0	1.9E+01	1.1E+01	na		6.5E+01	9.9E+01	na										6.5E+01	9.9E+01	na		
Chlorobenzene	0			na	1.6E+03			na	2.9E+04											na	2.9E+04	

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	lity Criteria			Wasteload	Allocations			Antidegradat	tion Baseline		A	ntidegradation Allocations	;		Most Limiti	ng Allocations	
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН
Chlorodibromomethane ^C	0	-	_	na	1.3E+02			na	8.2E+03	-								_	na	8.2E+03
Chloroform	0			na	1.1E+04			na	2.0E+05									-	na	2.0E+05
2-Chloronaphthalene	0			na	1.6E+03			na	2.9E+04									_	na	2.9E+04
2-Chlorophenol	0			na	1.5E+02			na	2.8E+03									_	na	2.8E+03
Chlorpyrifos	0	8.3E-02	4.1E-02	na		2.8E-01	3.7E-01	na									2.8E-01	3.7E-01	na	
Chromium III	0	3.1E+02	3.1E+01	na		1.1E+03	2.8E+02	na									1.1E+03	2.8E+02	na	
Chromium VI	0	1.6E+01	1.1E+01	na		5.5E+01	9.9E+01	na									5.5E+01	9.9E+01	na	
Chromium, Total	0			1.0E+02				na										-	na	
Chrysene ^C	0			na	1.8E-02			na	1.1E+00									_	na	1.1E+00
Copper	0	6.7E+00	3.6E+00	na		2.3E+01	3.2E+01	na									2.3E+01	3.2E+01	na	
Cyanide, Free	0	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	na	1.6E+04	7.5E+01	4.7E+01	na	2.9E+05								7.5E+01	4.7E+01	na	2.9E+05
DDD ^C	0			na	3.1E-03	7.02.01		na	2.0E-01			_					7.02.01		na	2.0E-01
DDE c	0			na	2.2E-03			na	1.4E-01									-	na	1.4E-01
DDT ^C	0	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	na na	2.2E-03 2.2E-03	3.8E+00	9.0E-03		1.4E-01								3.8E+00	9.0E-03		1.4E-01 1.4E-01
Demeton	0	1.1E+00	1.0E-03 1.0E-01	na na	2.2E-03	3.8E+00	9.0E-03 9.0E-01	na na	1.4E-01 								3.8E+00	9.0E-03 9.0E-01	na na	1.4E-01
	0	1.7E-01	1.7E-01			5.8E-01	1.5E+00										5.8E-01	1.5E+00		-
Diazinon Dibenz(a,h)anthracene C	0			na	 4 0E 04	5.6E-U1		na											na	
	-			na	1.8E-01			na	1.1E+01									-	na	1.1E+01
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0			na	1.3E+03			na	2.4E+04									-	na	2.4E+04
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0			na	9.6E+02			na	1.8E+04									-	na	1.8E+04
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0			na	1.9E+02			na	3.5E+03									-	na	3.5E+03
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine ^C	0		-	na	2.8E-01			na	1.8E+01									-	na	1.8E+01
Dichlorobromomethane C	0		-	na	1.7E+02			na	1.1E+04									-	na	1.1E+04
1,2-Dichloroethane ^C	0			na	3.7E+02			na	2.3E+04									-	na	2.3E+04
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0			na	7.1E+03			na	1.3E+05									-	na	1.3E+05
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	0			na	1.0E+04			na	1.8E+05									-	na	1.8E+05
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0			na	2.9E+02			na	5.3E+03									-	na	5.3E+03
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D)	0			na				na										-	na	
1,2-Dichloropropane ^C	0			na	1.5E+02			na	9.5E+03									-	na	9.5E+03
1,3-Dichloropropene C	0			na	2.1E+02			na	1.3E+04									-	na	1.3E+04
Dieldrin ^C	0	2.4E-01	5.6E-02	na	5.4E-04	8.2E-01	5.0E-01	na	3.4E-02								8.2E-01	5.0E-01	na	3.4E-02
Diethyl Phthalate	0			na	4.4E+04			na	8.1E+05										na	8.1E+05
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0			na	8.5E+02			na	1.6E+04									-	na	1.6E+04
Dimethyl Phthalate	0			na	1.1E+06			na	2.0E+07										na	2.0E+07
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	0			na	4.5E+03			na	8.3E+04										na	8.3E+04
2,4 Dinitrophenol	0			na	5.3E+03			na	9.7E+04										na	9.7E+04
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	0			na	2.8E+02			na	5.1E+03									_	na	5.1E+03
2,4-Dinitrotoluene ^C	0			na	3.4E+01			na	2.1E+03									_	na	2.1E+03
Dioxin 2,3,7,8-																				
tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0			na	5.1E-08			na	9.4E-07								-	-	na	9.4E-07
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine ^C	0			na	2.0E+00			na	1.3E+02									-	na	1.3E+02
Alpha-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01	7.5E-01	5.0E-01	na	1.6E+03								7.5E-01	5.0E-01	na	1.6E+03
Beta-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01	7.5E-01	5.0E-01	na	1.6E+03								7.5E-01	5.0E-01	na	1.6E+03
Alpha + Beta Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02			7.5E-01	5.0E-01										7.5E-01	5.0E-01		
Endosulfan Sulfate	0			na	8.9E+01			na	1.6E+03									-	na	1.6E+03
Endrin	0	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	na	6.0E-02	2.9E-01	3.2E-01	na	1.1E+00								2.9E-01	3.2E-01	na	1.1E+00
Endrin Aldehyde	0			na	3.0E-01			na	5.5E+00									-	na	5.5E+00

Parameter	Background		Water Qual	lity Criteria			Wasteload	Allocations			Antidegrada	tion Baseline	:	,	Antidegradation	on Allocations			Most Limiti	ng Allocations	;
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн
Ethylbenzene	0			na	2.1E+03			na	3.9E+04											na	3.9E+04
Fluoranthene	0			na	1.4E+02			na	2.6E+03											na	2.6E+03
Fluorene	0			na	5.3E+03			na	9.7E+04											na	9.7E+04
Foaming Agents	0			na				na												na	
Guthion	0		1.0E-02	na			9.0E-02	na											9.0E-02	na	
Heptachlor ^C	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	7.9E-04	1.8E+00	3.4E-02	na	5.0E-02									1.8E+00	3.4E-02	na	5.0E-02
Heptachlor Epoxide ^C	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	3.9E-04	1.8E+00	3.4E-02	na	2.5E-02									1.8E+00	3.4E-02	na	2.5E-02
Hexachlorobenzene ^C	0	3.2L-01	3.0L-03	na	2.9E-03	1.02.00	3.4L-02	na	1.8E-01							_		1.02.00	3.4L-02	na	1.8E-01
Hexachlorobutadiene ^C	0			na	1.8E+02			na	1.1E+04										_	na	1.1E+04
Hexachlorocyclohexane	O		-	IIa	1.0L+02			IIa	1.1L+04									-	-	IIa	1.12+04
Alpha-BHC ^C	0			na	4.9E-02			na	3.1E+00										_	na	3.1E+00
Hexachlorocyclohexane																					
Beta-BHC ^C	0			na	1.7E-01			na	1.1E+01										-	na	1.1E+01
Hexachlorocyclohexane Gamma-BHC ^C (Lindane)	•	0.55.04			4.05.00	0.05.00			4.45.00												4.45.00
, , ,	0	9.5E-01	na	na	1.8E+00	3.2E+00		na	1.1E+02							-		3.2E+00	-	na	1.1E+02
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene				na	1.1E+03			na	2.0E+04							-			-	na	2.0E+04
Hexachloroethane	0			na	3.3E+01			na	2.1E+03							-				na	2.1E+03
Hydrogen Sulfide	0		2.0E+00	na			1.8E+01	na											1.8E+01	na	-
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.1E+01										-	na	1.1E+01
Iron	0			na				na											-	na	-
Isophorone ^C	0			na	9.6E+03			na	6.1E+05										-	na	6.1E+05
Kepone	0		0.0E+00	na			0.0E+00	na											0.0E+00	na	
Lead	0	4.7E+01	3.5E+00	na		1.6E+02	3.1E+01	na										1.6E+02	3.1E+01	na	
Malathion	0		1.0E-01	na			9.0E-01	na											9.0E-01	na	
Manganese	0			na				na											-	na	
Mercury	0	1.4E+00	7.7E-01			4.8E+00	6.9E+00											4.8E+00	6.9E+00		
Methyl Bromide	0			na	1.5E+03			na	2.8E+04										-	na	2.8E+04
Methylene Chloride ^C	0			na	5.9E+03			na	3.7E+05										-	na	3.7E+05
Methoxychlor	0		3.0E-02	na			2.7E-01	na											2.7E-01	na	
Mirex	0		0.0E+00	na			0.0E+00	na											0.0E+00	na	
Nickel	0	9.8E+01	8.2E+00	na	4.6E+03	3.3E+02	7.4E+01	na	8.4E+04									3.3E+02	7.4E+01	na	8.4E+04
Nitrate (as N)	0			na				na											-	na	-
Nitrobenzene	0			na	6.9E+02			na	1.3E+04										-	na	1.3E+04
N-Nitrosodimethylamine ^C	0			na	3.0E+01			na	1.9E+03											na	1.9E+03
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine ^C	0			na	6.0E+01			na	3.8E+03										-	na	3.8E+03
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine ^C	0			na	5.1E+00			na	3.2E+02										-	na	3.2E+02
Nonylphenol	0	2.8E+01	6.6E+00			9.6E+01	5.9E+01	na										9.6E+01	5.9E+01	na	
Parathion	0	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	na		2.2E-01	1.2E-01	na										2.2E-01	1.2E-01	na	
PCB Total ^C	0		1.4E-02	na	6.4E-04		1.3E-01	na	4.0E-02										1.3E-01	na	4.0E-02
Pentachlorophenol ^C	0	5.4E+00	3.8E+00	na	3.0E+01	1.9E+01	3.4E+01	na	1.9E+03									1.9E+01	3.4E+01	na	1.9E+03
Phenol	0			na	8.6E+05			na	1.6E+07											na	1.6E+07
Pyrene	0			na	4.0E+03			na	7.3E+04										_	na	7.3E+04
Radionuclides	0			na				na	_											na	
Gross Alpha Activity								-												-	
(pCi/L) Beta and Photon Activity	0			na				na										-	-	na	
(mrem/yr)	0			na	4.0E+00			na	7.3E+01										_	na	7.3E+01
Radium 226 + 228 (pCi/L)	0			na				na											_	na	
Uranium (ug/l)	0			na				na											_	na	

Parameter	Background	Water Quality Criteria			Wasteload Allocations				Antidegradation Baseline			Antidegradation Allocations				Most Limiting Allocations			s		
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН
Selenium, Total Recoverable	0	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	na	4.2E+03	6.8E+01	4.5E+01	na	7.7E+04				-					6.8E+01	4.5E+01	na	7.7E+04
Silver	0	9.7E-01		na		3.3E+00		na										3.3E+00		na	
Sulfate	0			na				na												na	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ^C	0			na	4.0E+01			na	2.5E+03											na	2.5E+03
Tetrachloroethylene ^C	0			na	3.3E+01			na	2.1E+03										-	na	2.1E+03
Thallium	0			na	4.7E-01			na	8.6E+00										-	na	8.6E+00
Toluene	0			na	6.0E+03			na	1.1E+05										-	na	1.1E+05
Total dissolved solids	0			na				na											-	na	
Toxaphene ^C	0	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	na	2.8E-03	2.5E+00	1.8E-03	na	1.8E-01									2.5E+00	1.8E-03	na	1.8E-01
Tributyltin	0	4.6E-01	7.2E-02	na		1.6E+00	6.5E-01	na										1.6E+00	6.5E-01	na	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0			na	7.0E+01			na	1.3E+03											na	1.3E+03
1,1,2-Trichloroethane ^C	0			na	1.6E+02			na	1.0E+04										-	na	1.0E+04
Trichloroethylene ^C	0			na	3.0E+02			na	1.9E+04										-	na	1.9E+04
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol ^C	0			na	2.4E+01			na	1.5E+03											na	1.5E+03
2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy) propionic acid (Silvex)	0			na				na												na	-
Vinyl Chloride ^C	0			na	2.4E+01			na	1.5E+03											na	1.5E+03
Zinc	0	6.3E+01	4.8E+01	na	2.6E+04	2.1E+02	4.3E+02	na	4.8E+05									2.1E+02	4.3E+02	na	4.8E+05

Notes:

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
- 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
- 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- Regular WLAs are mass balances (minus background concentration) using the % of stream flow entered above under Mixing Information. Antidegradation WLAs are based upon a complete mix.
- 6. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic
 - = (0.1(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for human health
- 7. WLAs established at the following stream flows: 1Q10 for Acute, 30Q10 for Chronic Ammonia, 7Q10 for Other Chronic, 30Q5 for Non-carcinogens and Harmonic Mean for Carcinogens. To apply mixing ratios from a model set the stream flow equal to (mixing ratio 1), effluent flow equal to 1 and 100% mix.

Metal	Target Value (SSTV)	N
Antimony	1.2E+04	m
Arsenic	4.6E+02	gı
Barium	na	
Cadmium	2.3E+00	
Chromium III	1.7E+02	
Chromium VI	2.2E+01	
Copper	9.2E+00	
Iron	na	
Lead	1.9E+01	
Manganese	na	
Mercury	1.9E+00	
Nickel	4.4E+01	
Selenium	2.7E+01	
Silver	1.3E+00	
Zinc	8.6E+01	

Note: do not use QL's lower than the minimum QL's provided in agency guidance

Attachment H: Stats.exe Results

Stats.exe results for VA0020346- Emporia WWTP

 $0.33 \, \mu g/L$

Facility = Emporia WWTP Chemical = Dissolved Cadmium Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 5.8 WLAc = 4.4 Q.L. = .3 # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1	Facility = Emporia WWTP Chemical = Dissolved Copper Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 23 WLAC = 32 Q.L. = .5 # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1
Summary of Statistics:	Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 1 Expected Value = .33 Variance = .039204 C.V. = 0.6 97th percentile daily values = .803027 97th percentile 4 day average = .549050 97th percentile 30 day average = .397997 # < Q.L. = 0 Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data	# observations = 1 Expected Value = 5.6 Variance = 11.2896 C.V. = 0.6 97th percentile daily values = 13.6271 97th percentile 4 day average = 9.31722 97th percentile 30 day average= 6.75389 # < Q.L. = 0 Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
No Limit is required for this material	No Limit is required for this material
The data are:	The data are:

5.6 μg/L

Facility = Emporia WWTP Chemical = Dissolved Lead Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 160 WLAc = 31 Q.L. = .5 # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1	Facility = Emporia WWTP Chemical = Dissolved Nickel Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 330 WLAc = 74 Q.L. = .94 # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1
Summary of Statistics:	Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 1 Expected Value = .5 Variance = .09 C.V. = 0.6 97th percentile daily values = 1.21670 97th percentile 4 day average = .831895 97th percentile 30 day average= .603026 # < Q.L. = 0 Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data	# observations = 1 Expected Value = 2.3 Variance = 1.9044 C.V. = 0.6 97th percentile daily values = 5.59686 97th percentile 4 day average = 3.82671 97th percentile 30 day average = 2.77392 # < Q.L. = 0 Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
No Limit is required for this material	No Limit is required for this material
The data are:	The data are:
0.5 μg/L	2.3 μg/L

Facility = Emporia WWTP
Chemical = Total recoverable selenium
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 68
WLAc = 45
Q.L. = 2.0
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1

Expected Value = 5

Variance = 9

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 12.1670

97th percentile 4 day average = 8.31895

97th percentile 30 day average = 6.03026

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

 $5.0 \,\mu\text{g/L}$

Although total recoverable selenium was reported on the application as <5.0 μ g/L, the lab QL of 5.0 μ g/L is greater than the Agency QL of 2.0 μ g/L. For this reason, total recoverable selenium was treated as present at the lab QL of 5.0 μ g/L for the purpose of this evaluation. No limit is needed.

Facility = Emporia WWTP
Chemical = Dissolved Zinc
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 210
WLAc = 430
Q.L. = 3.6
samples/mo. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

samples/wk. = 1

observations = 1

Expected Value = 47

Variance = 795.24

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 114.370

97th percentile 4 day average = 78.1981

97th percentile 30 day average= 56.6845

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

47 μg/L

Facility = Emporia WWTP
Chemical = Ammonia-N
Chronic averaging period = 30
WLAa = 61.7
WLAc = 26.4
Q.L. = .2
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1

Expected Value = 9

Variance = 29.16

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 21.9007

97th percentile 4 day average = 14.9741

97th percentile 30 day average = 10.8544

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

9.0 mg/L

Although ammonia-N was reported on the permit application as less than the QL, ammonia-N is a known component of domestic wastewater, with the expect concentration of 9.0 mg/L. In accordance with GM00-2011, a datum of 9.0 mg/L is used to perform a reasonable potential analysis on this parameter. No limit is needed.

Facility = Emporia WWTP
Chemical = Dissolved silver
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 3.3
WLAc =
Q.L. = .2
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1
Expected Value = .5
Variance = .09
C.V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 1.21670
97th percentile 4 day average = .831895
97th percentile 30 day average= .603026
< Q.L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

 $0.5 \,\mu g/L$

Although dissolved silver was reported on the application as <0.5 μ g/L, the lab QL of 0.5 μ g/L is greater than the Agency QL of 0.20 μ g/L. For this reason, dissolved silver was treated as present at the lab QL of 0.50 μ g/L for the purpose of this evaluation. No limit is needed.

Facility = Emporia WWTP
Chemical = Chlorides
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 2900000
WLAc = 2100000
Q.L. = 1
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1

Expected Value = 67900

Variance = 1659747

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 165229.

97th percentile 4 day average = 112971.

97th percentile 30 day average= 81891.0

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

67900 μg/L

Attachment I: Stream Sanitation Memorandum (8/9/1988)

MEMORANDUM

State Water Control Board

2111 North Hamilton Street

P O Box 11143

Richmond, VA. 23230

SUBJECT: The Proposed Effluent Limits for Emporia STP,

Greensville County, Meherrin River, Chowan River Basin

TO: Martin Ferguson via Tom Modena JDm ok 8-12-88

FROM: D. X. Ren, PRO

DATE: August 9, 1988

COPIES: George Whitaker, File

On July 28, 1988, Emporia STP submitted a request of stream analysis for a new discharge flow (Q = 1.5 MGD).

After reviewing the existing models, this discharge was included in the modeling efforts of Greensville County STP in August 1985.

Based on the existing data in the above described file, a steam analysis was performed using a PC version to simulate CBOD, NBOD, and DO. TKN was of special concern in its effluent limits because of the nature of the discharge and the existence of other industrial discharges upstream. This modeling version duplicates the previous result, using a programmable calculator (Monroe).

This facility was addressed in the 303(e) plan. To be consistent with the previous model, antidegradation policy was not applied for this case, as in the Greensville County model.

The modeling parameters used for this case are indicated on the attached table.

From the results, the following effluent limits are proposed for the Emporia STP:

Q = 1.50 MGD BOD = 30.0 mg/l DO = 5.0 mg/l Temp = 28°C

The input to the model for BOD was $CBOD_5 = 25.0 \text{ mg/l}$, $(CBOD_u/CBOD_5 = 2.5)$. This was converted to $BOD_5 = 30.0 \text{ mg/l}$ for the discharge limits. NBOD calculation was based on the previous formula, NBOD = 4.33 * TKN. Because the model resulted in TKN = 20, TKN will not be included in the effluent limits for this case.

If you have any questions about this, please let me know.

Attachment J: Threatened and Endangered Species Screening Documents



WebID: W634463255563750000

Client Project Number: VA0020346

PROJECT INFORMATION

TITLE: Emporia WWTP

DESCRIPTION: minor industrial facility w/ 1.500 MGD design flow

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS: receiving stream is nontidal

QUADRANGLES: EMPORIA COUNTIES: City of Emporia

Latitude/Longitude (DMS): 364043/773135

Acreage: 3

Comments: Please contact me if you have any questions.

REQUESTOR INFORMATION

Priority: No Tier Level: 2 Tax ID:

Contact Name: Janine Howard

Company Name: DEQ-Piedmont Regional Office

Address: 4949-A Cox Road

City: Glen Allen State: VA Zip: 23060

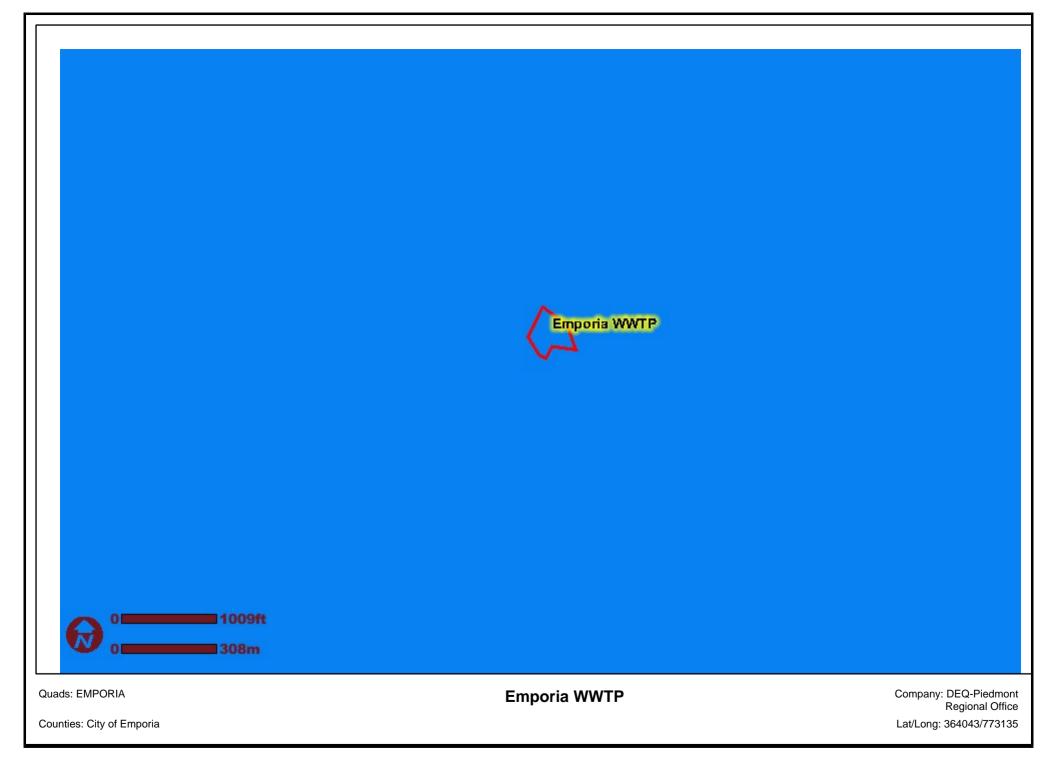
Phone: 804-527-5046 Fax: 804-527-5106 Email: janine.howard@deq.virginia.gov

Conservation Site Name	Site Type	Brank	Acreage	Listed Species Presence
	GLNHR			NL
	GLNHR			NL
	GLNHR			NL
MEHERRIN RIVER SCU	SCU	В3	9	SL

Natural Heritage Conservation Sites within Search Radius

Site-Name	Group-Name	common-name	scientific-name	GRANK	SRANK	Fed Status	st status	EO Rank	last obs date	precision
	Invertebrate Animal	Eastern Lampmussel	Lampsilis radiata	G5	S2S3			CD	1995-08-14	S
	Vascular Plant	Bush's Muhly	Muhlenbergia bushii	G5	S1			Н	1938-09-20	G
	Vertebrate Animal	Dwarf Waterdog	Necturus punctatus	G4	S2S3			Н	ND	G
MEHERRIN RIVER SCU	Invertebrate Animal	Green Floater	Lasmigona subviridis	G3	S2		LT	D	1995-08-14	S
MEHERRIN RIVER SCU	Invertebrate Animal	Roanoke Slabshell	Elliptio roanokensis	G3	S1			вс	1990-08-20	S
MEHERRIN RIVER SCU	Invertebrate Animal	Yellow Lampmussel	Lampsilis cariosa	G3G4	S2			С	1995-08-14	S
MEHERRIN RIVER SCU	Invertebrate Animal	Yellow Lance	Elliptio lanceolata	G2G3	S2S3	soc		D	1990-08-20	S

Natural Heritage Resources within Search Radius



Secretary of Natural Resources



David A. Johnson

Director

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND RECREATION

The project mapped as part of this report has been searched against the Department of Conservation and Recreation's Biotics Data System for occurrences of natural heritage resources from the area indicated for this project. Natural heritage resources are defined as the habitat of rare, threatened, or endangered plant and animal species, unique or exemplary natural communities, and significant geologic formations.

According to the information currently in Biotics files, NATURAL HERITAGE RESOURCES HAVE BEEN DOCUMENTED within two miles of the indicated project boundaries.

You have submitted this project to DCR for a more detailed review for potential impacts to natural heritage resources. DCR will review the submitted project to identify the specific natural heritage resources in the vicinity of the proposed project. Using the expertise of our biologists, DCR will evaluate whether your specific project is likely to impact these resources, and if so how. DCR's response will indicate whether any negative impacts are likely and, if so, make recommendations to avoid, minimize and/or mitigate these impacts. If the potential negative impacts are to species that are state- or federally-listed as threatened or endangered, DCR will also recommend coordination with the appropriate regulatory agencies: the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries for state-listed animals, the Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for state-listed plants and insects, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service for federally listed plants and animals. If your project is expected to have positive impacts we will report those to you with recommendations for enhancing these benefits.

Please allow up to 30 days for a response.

We will review the project based on the information you included in the Project Info submittal form, which is included in the report that follows. Often additional information can help us make a more accurate and detailed assessment of a project's potential impacts to natural heritage resources. If you have additional information that you believe will help us better assess your project's potential impacts, you may send that information to us. Please refer to the project Title (from the first page of this report) and include this pdf file with any additional information you send us.

Thank you for submitting your project for review to the Virginia Natural Heritage Program through the NH Data Explorer. Should you have any questions or concerns about DCR, the Data Explorer, or this report, please contact the Natural Heritage Project Review Unit at 804-371-2708. its.

Douglas W. Domenech Secretary of Natural Resources



David A. Johnson Director

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND RECREATION

Division of Natural Heritage
213 Governor Street
Richmond, Virginia 23219-2010
(804) 786-7951

August 8, 2011

Janine Howard DEQ-PRO 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060

Re: VA0020346, Emporia WWTP

Dear Ms. Howard:

The Department of Conservation and Recreation's Division of Natural Heritage (DCR) has searched its Biotics Data System for occurrences of natural heritage resources from the area outlined on the submitted map. Natural heritage resources are defined as the habitat of rare, threatened, or endangered plant and animal species, unique or exemplary natural communities, and significant geologic formations.

According to the information currently in our files, the Meherrin River Stream Conservation Unit (SCU) is in the project vicinity. SCUs identify stream reaches that contain aquatic natural heritage resources, including 2 miles upstream and 1 mile downstream of documented occurrences, and all tributaries within this reach. SCUs are given a biodiversity significance ranking based on the rarity, quality, and number of element occurrences they contain; on a scale of 1-5, 1 being most significant. The Meherrin River has been given a biodiversity significance ranking of B3, which represents a site of high significance. The natural heritage resources of concern associated with this SCU are:

Lampsilis cariosa	Yellow lampmussel	G3G4/S2/NL/NL
Lasmigona subviridis	Green floater	G3/S2/NL/LT
Elliptio lanceolata	Yellow lance	G2G3/S2S3/SOC/NL
Elliptio roanokensis	Roanoke slabshell	G3/S1/NL/NL

The Yellow lampmussel ranges from Nova Scotia to Georgia in Atlantic slope drainages (NatureServe, 2009). In Virginia, it is recorded from the Roanoke, Chowan, James, York, and Potomac drainages. It is found in larger streams and rivers where good currents exist over sand and gravel substrates and in small creeks and ponds (Johnson, 1970).

The Green floater, a rare freshwater mussel, ranges from New York to North Carolina in the Atlantic Slope drainages, as well as the New and Kanawha River systems in Virginia and West Virginia (NatureServe, 2009). In Virginia, there are records from the New, Roanoke, Chowan, James, York, Rappahannock, and Potomac River drainages. Throughout its range, the Green floater appears to prefer the pools and eddies with gravel and sand bottoms of smaller rivers and creeks, smaller channels of large

rivers (Ortman, 1919) or small to medium-sized streams (Riddick, 1973). Please note that this species has been listed as state threatened by the VDGIF.

The Yellow lance occurs in mid-sized rivers and second and third order streams. To survive, it needs a silt-free, stable streambed and well-oxygenated water that is free of pollutants. This species has been the subject of taxonomic debate in recent years (NatureServe, 2009). Currently in Virginia, the Yellow lance is recognized from populations in the Chowan, James, York, and Rappahannock drainages. Its range also extends into Neuse-Tar river system in North Carolina. In recent years, significant population declines have been noted across its range (NatureServe, 2009). Please note that this species is currently classified as a species of concern by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS); however, this designation has no official legal status.

The Roanoke slabshell is a relatively large freshwater mussel species that is typically found in riffle habitats of large rivers. This species probably is rather sessile with only limited movement in the substrate. Passive downstream movement may occur when mussels are displaced from the substrate during floods. The Roanoke slabshell is most closely associated with large Atlantic slope rivers from the Savannah River Basin to the Chowan River Basin (NatureServe, 2009). Tributary creeks and rivers occasionally provide significant habitat. The best populations occur where anadromous fish (probable primary fish hosts) have access to lotic habitats. Small or declining populations may be found above dams and their associated reservoirs which serve as barriers to anadromous fish. Presently, this species is usually found in near-shore trough habitats in sand/gravel substrates. It may also be found in more coarse substrates. The species was probably an abundant, dominant mussel within its historical range during past centuries, but its populations are now significantly reduced due to factors such as pollution, siltation, and the creation of reservoirs along rivers.

The Dwarf waterdog (*Necturus punctatus*, G4/S2S3/NL/NL), has been historically documented in the project vicinity. The Dwarf waterdog, a state rare salamander, is known from Atlantic slope drainages from Virginia to Georgia (Petranka, 1998). In Virginia, it inhabits small, slow-flowing streams in the Chowan River drainages, where the juveniles burrow in the silty bottoms. In the winter, the adults congregate in leaf beds. Waterdogs are completely aquatic and have four toes on each hind foot and conspicuous gills that are retained throughout life (Martof et al., 1980).

Threats to the Dwarf waterdog may include habitat alterations such as impoundments and channels; however, populations seem to be stable and they do not seem to be affected by moderate siltation and pollution (AmphibiaWeb, 2010).

Considered good indicators of the health of aquatic ecosystems, freshwater mussels are dependent on good water quality, good physical habitat conditions, and an environment that will support populations of host fish species (Williams et al., 1993). Because mussels are sedentary organisms, they are sensitive to water quality degradation related to increased sedimentation and pollution. They are also sensitive to habitat destruction through dam construction, channelization, and dredging, and the invasion of exotic mollusk species.

To minimize impacts to aquatic resources, DCR recommends the use of uv/ozone to replace chlorination disinfection and utilization of new technologies as they become available to improve water quality. Due to the legal status of the Green floater, DCR also recommends coordination with the VDGIF to ensure compliance with protected species legislation.

There are no State Natural Area Preserves under DCR's jurisdiction in the project vicinity.

Under a Memorandum of Agreement established between the Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (VDACS) and the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR), DCR represents VDACS in comments regarding potential impacts on state-listed threatened and endangered plant and insect species. The current activity will not affect any documented state-listed plants or insects.

New and updated information is continually added to Biotics. Please contact DCR for an update on this natural heritage information if a significant amount of time passes before it is utilized.

The Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries maintains a database of wildlife locations, including threatened and endangered species, trout streams, and anadromous fish waters that may contain information not documented in this letter. Their database may be accessed from http://vafwis.org/fwis/ or contact Shirl Dressler at (804) 367-6913.

Should you have any questions or concerns, feel free to contact me at 804-371-2708. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this project.

Sincerely,

S. Rene' Hypes

Project Review Coordinator

Rem' Hy

CC: Ernie Aschenbach, VDGIF Tylan Dean, USFWS

Literature Cited

AmphibiaWeb: Information on amphibian biology and conservation. [web application]. 2010. Berkeley, California: AmphibiaWeb. Available: http://amphibiaweb.org/. (Accessed: Apr 22, 2010).

Johnson, R.I. 1970. The systematics and zoogeography of the Unionidae (Mullusca: Bilvava) of the southern Atlantic slope region. Bulletin Museum of Comparative Zoology vol 140(6): 362-365.

Martof, B. S., W. M. Palmer, J. R. Bailey, and J. R. Harrison. 1980. Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia. The University of North Carolina Press. Chapel Hill, VA. p. 51.

Michaelson, D.L. and R.J. Neves. 1995. Life history and habitat of the endangered Dwarf wedgemussel *Alasmidonta heterodon* (Bivalvia:Unionidae). Journal of the North American Benthol Society 14(2): 324-340.

NatureServe. 2009. NatureServe Explorer: An online encyclopedia of life [web application]. Version 7.1. NatureServe, Arlington, Virginia. Available http://www.natureserve.org/explorer. (Accessed: April 5, 2010, April 13, 2010, April 27, 2010).

Ortman, A.E. 1919. A monograph of the naiades of Pennsylvania, Part 3: Systematic account of the genera and species. Mem. Carnegie Mus. 8:1-384.

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Riddick, M.B. 1973. Freshwater mussels of the Pamunkey River system, Virginia. M.S. Thesis, Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, VA 105pp.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 1993. Dwarf Wedge Mussel (*Alasmidonta heterodon*) Recovery Plan. Hadley, Massachusetts. p. 52.

Williams, J.D., M.L. Warren, Jr., K.S. Cummings, J.L. Harris, and R.J. Neves. 1993. Conservation status of freshwater mussels of the United States and Canada. Fisheries 18: 6-9.

Howard, Janine (DEQ)

From:

Howard, Janine (DEQ)

Sent:

Friday, September 16, 2011 11:08 AM

To:

Hypes, Rene (DCR)

Subject:

RE: VA0020346, Emporia WWTP

Attachments:

image001.jpg

René,

Thank you for your detailed review and response to our T&E coordination effort. Coordination with VDGIF was initiated today to allow them the opportunity to comment on the permit reissuance and the presence of the Green floater in the Meherrin River Stream Conservation Unit.

Note is made of your recommendation of the use of UV or ozone disinfection to replace chlorination as the means of effluent bacteria reduction. I am pleased to tell you that this facility already utilizes UV technology to disinfect their effluent rather than chlorine.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns and again, thank you for your review.

Sincerely,

Janine

Janine L. Howard Water Permit Writer

DEQ Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060 t: (804) 527-5046 f: (804) 527-5106

This email should not be considered a legal opinion or a case decision as defined by the Administrative Process Act, Code of Virginia \$ 2.2-4000 et seq.

From: nhreview (DCR)

Sent: Monday, August 08, 2011 1:13 PM

To: Howard, Janine (DEQ)

Cc: ProjectReview (DGIF); 'Tylan Dean@fws.gov'

Subject: VA0020346, Emporia WWTP

Ms. Howard,

Please find attached the Department of Conservation and Recreation, Division of Natural Heritage (DCR-DNH) comments for the above referenced project. The comments are in pdf format and can be printed for your records. Also species rank information is available at http://www.dcr.virginia.gov/natural_heritage/help.shtml for your reference.

Please send a confirmation e-mail upon receipt of our comments. Let us know if you have any questions.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this project.

René

S. Rene' Hypes Project Review Coordinator DCR-DNH 217 Governor Street Richmond, Virginia 23219 804-371-2708 (phone) 804-371-2674 (fax) rene.hypes@dcr.virginia.gov



Conserving VA's Biodiversity through Inventory, Protection and Stewardship www.dcr.virginia.gov/natural heritage Virginia Natural Heritage Program on Facebook

Howard, Janine (DEQ)

From:

Howard, Janine (DEQ)

Sent:

Tuesday, February 14, 2012 11:38 AM

To:

Aschenbach, Ernie (DGIF)

Subject:

RE: ESSLog 32284; VPDES permit#0020346 re-issuance for the Emporia WWTP in Emporia.

Virginia

Mr. Aschenbach,

Per your request to be informed if any proposed limitations change, I am writing to inform you that a new toxicity limit is planned for the 2012 Emporia WWTP permit. No other limitations have changed. I have attached the proposed limits page, with the new limitations highlighted. I have also attached the Whole Effluent Toxicity evaluation that lead to the proposed toxicity limit. Please let me know if you require any further information. If I do not hear from you within 30 days of the date of this email I will assume that the T&E evaluation and coordination is complete.

Sincerely,

Janine L. Howard Water Permit Writer

DEQ Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060 t: (804) 527-5046 f: (804) 527-5106

This email should not be considered a legal opinion or a case decision as defined by the Administrative Process Act, Code of Virginia \$ 2.2-4000 et seq.



WET memo 2_13_12.pdf



limits page.pdf



/A0020346 Emporia WWTP Toxicit...

From: Howard, Janine (DEQ)

Sent: Tuesday, November 08, 2011 12:56 PM

To: Aschenbach, Ernie (DGIF)

Subject: RE: ESSLog 32284; VPDES permit#0020346 re-issuance for the Emporia WWTP in Emporia, Virginia

Mr. Aschenbach,

Thank you for your T &E review of the Emporia WWTP reissuance. This facility already utilizes UV disinfection and does not chlorinate its effluent. If new water-quality based limits are generate based on effluent data provided in the pending permit application, I will provide VDGIF with an updated limits page. If no new limitations are generated for the 2012 permit, then I will consider the T&E review complete.

Sincerely,

Janine L. Howard Water Permit Writer

DEQ Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060 t: (804) 527-5046 f: (804) 527-5106

This email should not be considered a legal opinion or a case decision as defined by the Administrative Process Act, Code of Virginia § 2.2-4000 et seq.

From: Aschenbach, Ernie (DGIF)

Sent: Thursday, November 03, 2011 12:03 PM

To: Howard, Janine (DEQ)

Cc: nhreview (DCR); Watson, Brian (DGIF)

Subject: ESSLog 32284; VPDES permit#0020346 re-issuance for the Emporia WWTP in Emporia, Virginia

We have reviewed the above-referenced VPDES permit re-issuance. The existing design flow is 1.982 million gallon per day (MGD). The receiving stream is the Meherrin River. The 7Q10 of the receiving river is 12 MGD. Effluent limitation information is not provided with the DEQ request for DGIF review. According to DEQ, the permit application is due 11/15/2011 and will include comprehensive effluent data.

According to our records, the Meherrin River is designated Threatened and Endangered (T&E) species water for the state Threatened (ST) green floater. The Meherrin River is also a designated anadromous fish use water.

We recommend UV disinfection rather than chlorination, if not already in place. Provided the project adheres to the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements specified in the permit (and remain similar to those specified within the existing permit), we do not anticipate the re-issuance of this existing permit to result in adverse impact to designated potential T&E species waters or their associated listed species.

If future effluent limitations proposed in the pending application for permit re-issuance change, we recommend DEQ provide updated effluent characteristics information to DGIF for our consideration. After reviewing this new information DGIF will provide further guidance protective of freshwater mussels as appropriate.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments.

Ernie Aschenbach
Environmental Services Biologist
Virginia Dept. of Game and Inland Fisheries
4010 West Broad Street
Richmond, VA 23230

Phone: (804) 367-2733 FAX: (804) 367-2427

Email: Ernie.Aschenbach@dgif.virginia.gov

Attachment K: Groundwater Evaluation, Monitoring Well Location Map, and Corrective Action Plan (CAP) Phase II Approval Letter and Memo

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, VA 23060-6296

804/527-5020

SUBJECT: City of Emporia Wastewater Treatment Plant (VA0020346) Groundwater Evaluation

TO: File

FROM: Janine Howard

DATE: September 21, 2011

Process and Background:

The City of Emporia Wastewater Treatment Plant is a major municipal facility with a design flow of 1.5 MGD. The facility is located at 500 Tall Oaks Drive in Emporia, Virginia. The plant sits on about 55 acres and is bounded on the south and east by Falling Run Creek, a tributary of the Meherrin River. The facility serves a population of approximately 5,900 individuals with 2,500 connections. The WWTP is comprised of a 22-acre sludge lagoon, a clarifier and secondary clarifier, oxidation ditches, screening and grit removal, and administrative/laboratory buildings. Under normal operating conditions the sludge lagoon is approximately three feet in depth with two feet of freeboard. The lagoon has been in place since its installation in 1964 and it is unlined. The wastewater treatment plant was first built in 1988 and at the time, the lagoon was the sole form of treatment.

Historically, the facility disposed of its sludge in the sludge lagoon, however in May 2005 a Siemens Water Technologies Corp. "Cannibal" Solids Reduction System was installed at the facility. The "Cannibal" system is designed to significantly reduce the amount of sludge produced at the plant (formerly around 52 dry metric tons per year). The permittee planned to suspend the use of the lagoon sludge disposal but retained the structure as an emergency equalization basin. According to the 2009 inspection report by Charles Stitzer, the "Cannibal" system has not performed as well as expected and while it has reduced the amount of waste solids, the reduction has not been as significant as was hoped. Presently, a small portion of grit that is collected in the screening system preceding the Cannibal system is diverted directly to the sludge lagoon. In addition, the clarifiers are occasionally drained to the sludge lagoon during routine maintenance. Work continues on the "Cannibal" system to improve its efficiency and further reduce its discharge of solids. Once the system is fully operational, it is anticipated that waste sludge will be land-filled. To date, the WWTP continues to dispose of sludge in the lagoon.

The groundwater monitoring plan was designed to allow evaluation of the integrity of the sludge lagoon, and was approved on March 23, 1987. Beginning with the 1996 evaluation of the available data, contamination of groundwater became apparent at MW-2. Contamination issues were also remarked upon in the 2001 evaluation. The 2007 evaluation concluded that the sludge lagoon was having an effect on the groundwater at the site, and noted exceedances of the State of Virginia nitrate and chloride standards at MW-2. As a result, the 2007 permit reissuance required the development of a Corrective

Action Plan (CAP) to ensure that the source of the contamination was eliminated or that the contaminant plume is contained on the permittee's property.

The original groundwater monitoring plan, approved in 1987, consisted of three monitoring wells. MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 were installed on March 10-11, 1988. MW-1, located on the northwest corner of the lagoon, is the up-gradient well. MW-2 is located on the southeast corner of the lagoon is hydraulically down-gradient of the lagoon. MW-3 is located on the northeast corner of the lagoon. The most recent monitoring well, MW-4, is located south of MW-2, approximately halfway between the lagoon and Falling Run Creek. MW-4 was installed in 2008 as part of the Corrective Action Plan (CAP) required by the 2007 permit. Refer to the attached map for the well locations.

Corrective Action Plan Summary:

The City of Emporia hired Earth Tech, an operating subsidiary of AECOM, to aid in the development of the CAP. The CAP was approached in two phases. The first phase of the CAP was submitted on 3/27/08 and approved on 4/24/2008. This phase of the CAP investigated the hydraulic flow of the groundwater on site in order to determine an appropriate location for an additional down-gradient well. The investigation found that the hydraulic groundwater flow is due south toward Falling Run Creek and that the gradient is nearly flat with a slope of 0.0015. Hydraulic conductivity was tested using single well aguifer tests ("slug tests") and was determined to be between 23-157 ft/day. Groundwater flow velocity was estimated to be 42-286 ft/year. The receptors of the groundwater were also investigated and Falling Run Creek, downgradient of the sludge lagoon, was determined to be the sole receptor. Phase I of the CAP required a sludge sample to be tested for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), and metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium, silver, copper, and zinc). The sludge analysis results were all less than the quantification limitation and as such groundwater pollution VOCs, SVOCs, and metals from the lagoon is not a concern at present. Phase I of the CAP also called for surface water sampling at three locations: upstream of the property boundary, down-gradient of the lagoon, and downstream of the property boundary. The purpose of the surface water testing of Falling Run Creek was to establish whether or not the groundwater contamination was having a perceived impact on the receptor of the contamination, Falling Run Creek.

Phase II of the CAP was submitted on 11/21/2008. The surface water testing indicated that transport of nitrate and chlorides from the lagoon to Falling Run Creek had not occurred and analyses of the surface water samples as compared to water quality standards suggest that contamination from the lagoon is not adversely impacting Falling Run Creek. Falling Run Creek, located at the property boundary, was identified in Phase I as the sole receptor of the groundwater pollution. DEQ Guidance Memo 98-2010 requires that if groundwater contamination is detected at down-gradient wells or at the property boundary, then the lagoon must be relined or closed, with one exception. If the receptor of the groundwater contamination is shown to be un-impacted by the groundwater, then no action is needed. Phase II of the Emporia WWTP CAP showed no adverse impacts were felt by Falling Run Creek, the sole groundwater contaminant receptor, therefore the closure/lining of the lagoon was not required by DEQ. The CAP called for continued annual monitoring at the three existing and one new (MW-4) monitoring well. In addition, annual monitoring of four surface water locations (ST-1, ST-2, ST-3, ST-4) for nitrates, chlorides and TOC is required. This will allow for continued monitoring of the groundwater impact on Falling Run Creek. DEQ approved Phase II of the CAP on 2/6/2009.

Groundwater Elevation:

Monitoring data from 1996-2010 were available for evaluation. For the purpose of this evaluation only data submitted following approval of the CAP is displayed. The permit record is clear in that data submitted prior to the CAP has shown alleged degradation of the groundwater from the lagoon. The CAP verified the hydraulic flow of the groundwater, determined that surface water impacts in Falling Run Creek (the sole receptor) were nominal and implemented a fourth groundwater monitoring well and annual surface water monitoring to ensure continued compliance with State Water Quality Standards. Due to the lack of a statistically significant dataset, a statistical analysis was not performed, rather the data is displayed and discussed to date. As required by the approved CAP, groundwater is monitored annually. Parameters monitored and reported include: groundwater elevation, pH, specific conductance, nitrate-nitrogen, total organic carbon, and chlorides.

The facility is located in the Coastal Plain Physiographic Province for which there are specific standards (9VAC25-280-50) and criteria (9VAC25-280-70). Virginia also has groundwater standards that are applicable statewide (9VAC25-280-40). The Antidegradation policy for groundwater (9VAC 25-280-30) requires that the natural quality for all groundwater constituents shall be maintained. This means that in addition to constituents that are assigned numeric criteria in the groundwater standards, the policy also applies to constituents that are not specifically identified or assigned a numeric groundwater standard.

pH:

The groundwater criterion for pH in the Coastal Plain physiographic province is 6.5-9.0 SU. The pH at all monitoring wells, including the up-gradient well, was more acidic than the State groundwater standard established in 9 VAC 25-280-50. pH below the water quality standard is well documented for MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 and has been observed since 1996. Given the historic acidity of the background, up-gradient well, the sludge lagoon is not considered to be degrading the groundwater pH.

Specific Conductivity:

There are no numeric groundwater criteria for specific conductivity. Specific conductivity is an indication of ions in the groundwater and is suggestive of the presence of other pollutants such as chlorides, nitrates, phosphates and sodium in the groundwater. Specific conductance averaged 104.95 M-M/CM at MW-1, 493.5M-M/CM at MW-2, 94.05M-M/CM at MW-3, and 449.5M0M/CM at MW-4. The increased specific conductance at the down-gradient wells (MW-2 and MW-4) is a continued indication of elevated concentrations of pollutants in the groundwater down-gradient of the lagoon, relative to the ionic concentration of groundwater up-gradient of the sludge lagoon. Note the specific conductance at MW-2 has dropped slightly from 2009 to 2010, whereas the reverse is true for MW-4.

Total Organic Carbon (TOC):

The TOC groundwater criterion is 10 mg/L for the Coastal Play physiographic province. The average TOC concentrations at MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 were 3.3, 2.7, 3.45, and 21.6 mg/L respectively. TOC met the groundwater criterion for all monitoring wells except at MW-4. The spike in TOC in 2010 is notable as TOC has not historically been chronically elevated at MW-4. The TOC concentration at MW-4 was more than seven times greater in 2010 as compared to 2009. Continued monitoring is needed to gain a larger dataset to assess TOC at MW-4. With the exception of MW-4, TOC decreased in 2010 as compared to 2009.

Chloride:

The chloride water quality criterion for the Coastal Plain Physiographic Province is 50 mg/L. The average up-gradient (MW-1) concentration was 5.75 mg/L. At MW-2 and MW-3, average chloride concentrations were 96.6 and 5.15 mg/L respectively. Chloride concentration averaged 63.6 mg/L at MW-4. The 2010 chloride concentration for MW-4 was 122 mg/L, a large increase from the year before. Chloride concentration at the remainder of the wells decreased from 2009 to 2010. Chloride concentrations at MW-2 and MW-4 were in alleged violation of the groundwater quality criteria.

Nitrate Nitrogen (NO₃-N):

The groundwater quality criterion for nitrate-nitrogen in the coastal Plain is 5 mg/L. Nitrate-nitrogen concentrations at MW-1 and MW-3 are in conformance with the standard for 2009 and 2010. Nitrate nitrogen was not detected in MW-4. MW-2 continues to exceed groundwater quality standards set in 9 VAC 25-280-50 for nitrate-nitrogen.

Summary and Recommendation:

The pH recorded at all monitoring wells during 2009-2010 are in alleged violation of the groundwater quality standards. Up-gradient MW-1 had a lower pH than MW-2 and MW-4. Continued monitoring should be conducted to gather sufficient data for evaluation.

Specific conductivities were highest in MW-2 and MW-4. High specific conductivities are suggestive of groundwater pollution. The highest chloride concentrations were found in MW-2 and MW-4, supporting the specific conductivity data. The nitrate-nitrogen concentration was also the highest at MW-2.

The increasing chloride concentrations at the newly established MW-4 suggest that the contaminant plume is migrating. The lack of detection of nitrate-nitrogen at MW-4, counters this argument however. The lagoon is still used for sludge storage, although the volumes have been reduced since the addition of the "Cannibal" system in 2005. The reduction of waste being directed to the sludge lagoon may mitigate groundwater impacts over time. Continued monitoring is necessary to collect a statistically significant dataset.

In-stream Monitoring Summary:

In-stream monitoring has been completed for two years, 2009 and 2010. The raw data is available in Tables A.5 and A.6 in the appendix. There are four monitoring stations, ST-1, ST-2, ST-3, and ST-4. ST-3 is located upstream of the property boundary, ST-1 is downstream of the property boundary, ST-2 is downgradient of MW-2 and MW-4, and ST-4 is located east of MW-2. The first two years of stream sampling data show that nitrate-nitrogen pollution from the groundwater is not impacting Falling Run Creek, as the pollutant was not detected at all sampling stations in 2009 and 2010. The pH of the stream appears slightly acidic and is below the aquatic life standard of 6.0 SU. However, ST-3, upstream of the property boundary has a pH of less than 6.0 S.U., therefore the groundwater down-gradient of the lagoon is not perceived to be a factor in the low surface water pH at ST-1, ST-2, and ST-4. In 2009 and 2010, the upstream station had the highest specific conductance, with the conductivity of the water dropping at ST-2 and ST-4, the stations nearest the contaminated wells (MW-2 and MW-4). Chlorides are found in concentrations below the aquatic life standard and were also documented in the largest concentrations at the upstream station (ST-3). This trend was similarly true for total organic carbon. In summary, the instream monitoring suggests that the groundwater contamination from the lagoon is having no adverse affect on the receptor, Falling Run Creek, at this time. Continued monitoring in accordance with the approved CAP is recommended.

Appendix

Note: "ND" means non detect

Table A.1. MW-1 (upgradient well) raw groundwater data.

					Total	
	Ground			Nitrate	Organic	
	Water		Specific	Nitrogen	Carbon	
	Elevation	рН	Conductance	(N03N)	(TOC)	Chloride
Date	(ft. MSL)	(S.U.)	(M-M/CM)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	s (mg/L)
2010	18.66	4.68	91.90	1.80	ND	5.40
2009	18.08	5.12	118.00	1.60	3.30	6.10
Average	18.37	4.90	104.95	1.70	3.30	5.75
Standard	n/a	6.5-9.0	n/a	5	10	50

Table A.2 MW-2 raw groundwater data

					Total	
	Ground			Nitrate	Organic	
	Water		Specific	Nitrogen	Carbon	
	Elevation	рН	Conductance	(NO3N)	(TOC)	Chlorides
Date	(ft. MSL)	(S.U.)	(M-M/CM)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
2010	16.83	5.13	486	12.9	2.6	90.2
2009	16.83	5.26	501	20.5	2.8	103
Average	16.83	5.195	493.5	16.7	2.7	96.6
Standard	n/a	6.5-9	n/a	5	10	50

Table A.3. MW-3 raw groundwater data

					Total	
	Ground			Nitrate	Organic	
	Water		Specific	Nitrogen	Carbon	
	Elevation	рН	Conductance	(NO3N)	(TOC)	Chlorides
Date	(ft. MSL)	(S.U.)	(M-M/CM)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
2010	9.0	4.81	103	0.93	2.9	2.9
2009	11.33	4.69	85.1	0.70	4.0	7.4
Average	10.165	4.75	94.05	0.815	3.45	5.15
Standard	n/a	6.5-9	n/a	5	10	50

Table A.4. MW-4 raw groundwater data

					Total	
	Ground			Nitrate	Organic	
	Water		Specific	Nitrogen	Carbon	
	Elevation	рН	Conductance	(NO3N)	(TOC)	Chlorides
Date	(ft. MSL)	(S.U.)	(M-M/CM)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
2010	9.5	5.15	477	ND	37.9	122
2009	10.16	5.46	422	ND	5.3	5.3
Average	9.83	5.305	449.5		21.6	63.6
Standard	n/a	6.5-9	n/a	5	10	50

Table A.5 2009 (10/08-10/09) Stream Sampling Raw Data

Parameter		Sampling Station			
Parameter	ST-1	ST-2	ST-3	ST-4	Aquatic Life Standard
pH (S.U.)	6.45	5.95	5.79	5.79	6.0-9.0
Specific Conductivity (M-M/CM)	292	166	373	177	NA
Nitrate-Nitrogen (mg/L)	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
Total Organic Carbon (mg/L)	18.8	32.2	63.0	30.3	NA
Chlorides (mg/L)	18.8	35.2	99.3	34.8	860

Table A.6 2010 (10/09-10/10) Stream Sampling Raw Data

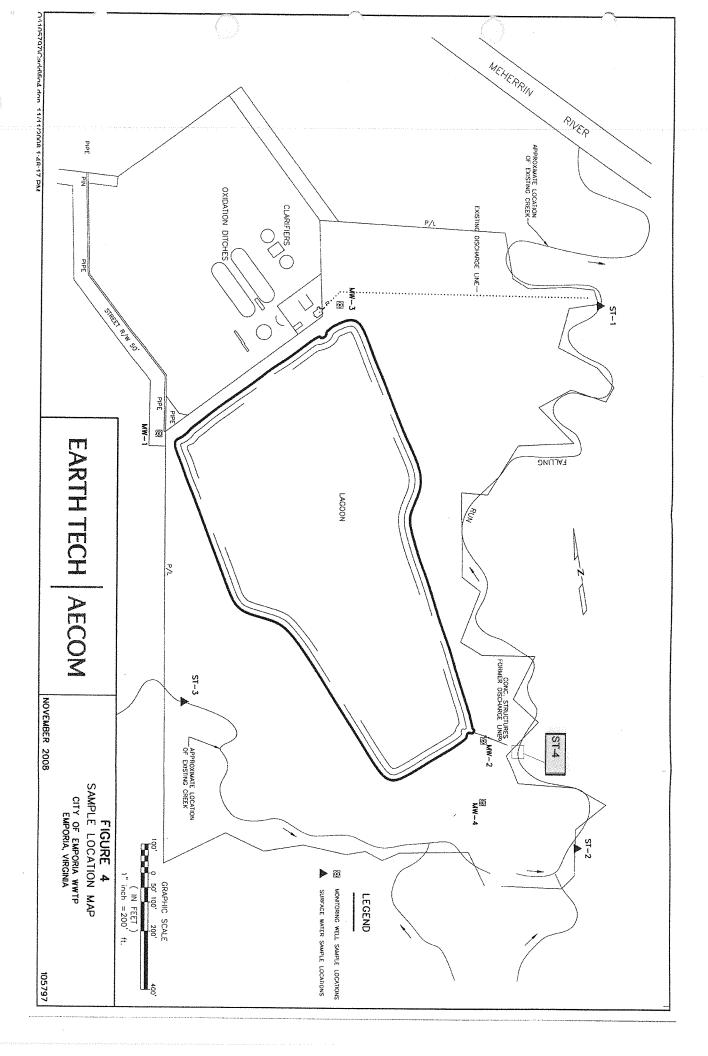
Darameter	Sampling Station				
Parameter	ST-1	ST-2	ST-3	ST-4	Aquatic Life Standard
pH (S.U.)	4.48	5.02	4.70	4.34	6.0-9.0
Specific Conductivity (M-M/CM)	291	288	689	297	NA
Nitrate-Nitrogen (mg/L)	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
Total Organic Carbon (mg/L)	18.6	87.6	66.7	31.7	NA
Chlorides (mg/L)	30.5	29.0	112	28.4	860

ST-1 = downstream property boundary

ST-2 = down-gradient of MW-2 and MW-4

ST-3 = upstream property boundary

ST-4 = east of MW-2





COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PIEDMONT REGIONAL OFFICE

Preston Bryant Secretary of Natural Resources 4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, Virginia 23060 (804) 527-5020 Fax (804) 527-5106 www.deq.virginia.gov

David K. Paylor Director

February 6, 2009

Larry Epps
Superintendent of Wastewater Treatment
City of Emporia
P.O. Box 511
Emporia, Virginia 23847

RE: VPDES Permit No. VA0020346 - City of Emporia WWTP

Phase II of the Corrective Action Plan (CAP)

Dear Mr. Epps:

The Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) has reviewed the above referenced CAP submitted November 21, 2008. Approval of the CAP is contingent upon the following modification. The permittee shall collect and analyze surface water samples from the locations proposed in the CAP and a fourth location identified by DEQ staff in the enclosed map on an annual basis. This action is in accordance with a memorandum dated January 30, 2008, a copy of which is enclosed for your information.

DEQ staff request that the City of Emporia respond within 30 days either accepting the proposed changes or making an alternate proposal. Upon written concurrence from the City of Emporia, this CAP will be incorporated by reference into the City of Emporia's WWTP Permit No. VA0020346.

The facility's Operation and Maintenance Manual should also be revised to reflect the approved CAP. Please note that the Operation and Maintenance Manual must be revised and submitted for DEQ approval within 90 days of the effective date of the changes.

Please contact Emilee Carpenter in the Piedmont Regional Office at 804/527-5072 or eccarpenter@deq.virginia.gov if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Curtis J. Linderman, P.E. Water Permit Manager

Enclosure: Approval Memo, Surface Water Sample Location Map

CJL/ecc



MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Road

Glen Allen, VA 23060

804/527-5020

SUBJECT:

VPDES Permit No. VA0020346

City of Emporia WWTP

Corrective Action Plan (CAP) Phase II

TO:

Curtis J. Linderman, P.E., Water Permit Manager

FROM:

Emilee Carpenter, Water Permit Writer

DATE:

January 30, 2009

COPIES:

Larry Epps

Type of Report: Phase II of the Corrective Action Plan. Phase I was approved on April 24, 2008. Notification of Phase I completion and the Phase II proposal were submitted on November 21, 2008.

Description: The CAP was submitted in accordance with Part I.B.8 of the current VPDES permit. Ground water monitoring data submitted since 1996 indicates that the groundwater in the vicinity of the lagoon has been affected. Violations of the Groundwater Standard for nitrates and the Coastal Plain Water Quality Criterion for chlorides were observed. Phase I was designed to assess the nature, fate and transport of the pollutants, aquifer characteristics, estimated size and location of contaminant plume and calculations of the plume's movement with respect to potential receptors. Phase II is intended to evaluate the information collected in Phase I and to determine the appropriate response to the observed groundwater contamination.

Phase I demonstrated the following:

- 2) Groundwater flow direction is due south toward Falling Run, and the hydraulic gradient is nearly flat, with a slope measuring 0.0015.
- 3) Hydraulic conductivity was measured using slug tests. The results indicate conductivity values ranging from 23 ft/day to 157 ft/day. Groundwater flow velocity was calculated using hydraulic gradient, conductivity and the assumed effective porosity of sands to produce a range of 42 ft/year to 286 ft/year.
- 4) Based on the determined flow direction, a fourth monitoring well was installed downgradient of MW-2, approximately half-way between the lagoon and Falling Run.
- 5) A sludge sample from the lagoon was analyzed to identify potential pollutants in the groundwater. Results for VOCs, SVOCs, and metals

(arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium, silver, copper and zinc) were all less than the quantification limit. Consequently, the City of Emporia was allowed to streamline subsequent groundwater and surface water analyses to consist of nitrates, chlorides, and total organic carbon.

Groundwater analyses continue to indicate that nitrates and chloride are present in the downgradient wells at concentrations above the groundwater standard (10 mg/L) for nitrates and the coastal plain groundwater criterion (50 mg/L) for chloride. Surface water results were all below surface water quality standards. No standard has been established for total organic carbon in surface water. However, a comparison of groundwater and surface water results indicates that surface water concentrations are significantly higher than groundwater concentrations. Therefore, groundwater does not appear to be the source of the total organic carbon concentrations observed in the surface water.

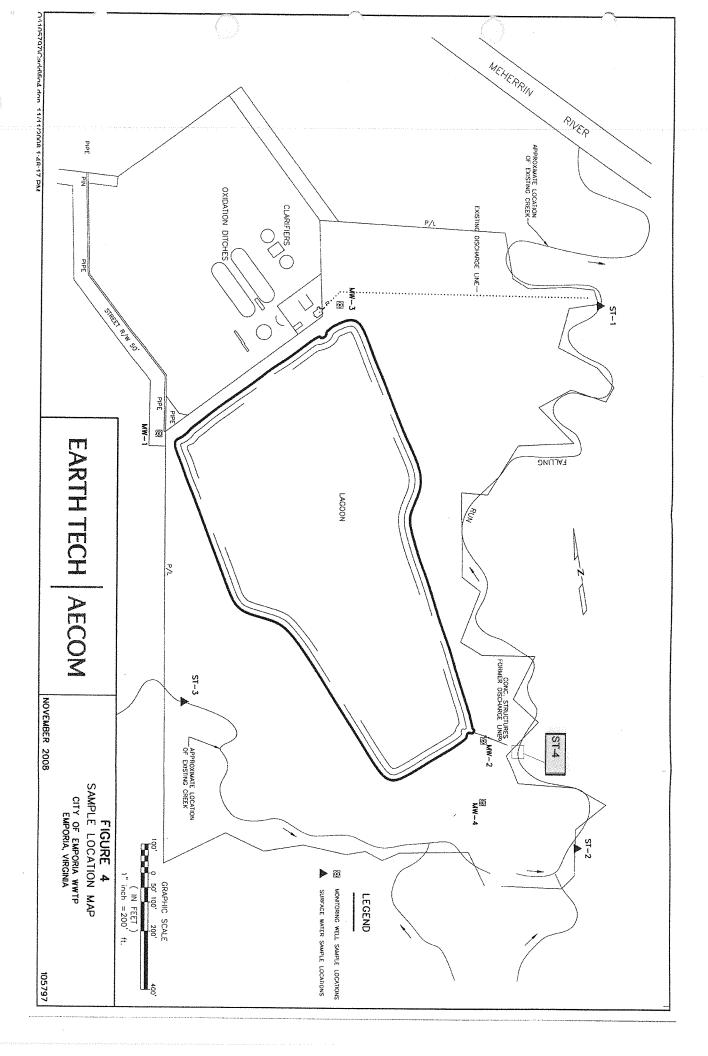
Phase II presents the following:

- Analytical results indicate that transport of nitrates and chlorides from the lagoon to Falling Run has not occurred. Reconnaissance of the area and review of courthouse records show that no downgradient receptors are located between the lagoon and Falling Run. Since Falling Run is the property boundary and the nearest receptor, no risk of human exposure is anticipated. In addition, analyses of surface water samples in comparison with the surface water quality standards that protect aquatic life uses, suggest that contamination from the lagoon does not adversely impact Falling Run.
- 8) According to VDEQ Guidance Memo 98-2010, if contamination is detected in downgradient/property boundary wells, the lagoon must be relined or closed out, unless the unit is discharging via the groundwater to a surface water receptor either on the property or abutting the property boundary and in-stream monitoring indicates no adverse impact to the surface water.
- 9) As part of this CAP, the City of Emporia plans to monitor Wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4 on an annual basis, continue use of the lagoon for effluent overflow from the treatment plant, and collect and analyze surface water samples for nitrates, chloride and TOC at locations down gradient of wells MW-2 and MW-4 once every 5 years.

Recommendations:

The staff recommends approval of the CAP described above, contingent upon the following modification: Surface water samples shall be collected on an annual basis at the locations established in the CAP in addition to a fourth location identified in the attached map.

Approved:	Curtis J. Linderman, P.E. Water Permit Manager, Department of Environmental Quality
Date:	2/6/09



Attachment L: Whole Effluent Toxicity Memorandum

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, VA 23060-6296

804/527-5020

SUBJECT: Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Test Data Review and Permit Language:

Emporia WWTP, VPDES VA0020346

TO: Deborah DeBiasi, CO- WET

FROM: Janine Howard

DATE: 12/5/11, revised 2/13/12, 3/14/12, 3/19/12, and 3/26/12

Facility Name: Emporia WWTP Permit Number: VA0020346 Receiving Stream: Meherrin River

Facility SIC: 4952

Effluent Design Flow 1.5 MGD

Instream Waste Concentration (IWC): 11%

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The 2007 permit for this facility expires May 13, 2012 and PRO is in the process of developing the 2012 permit. The City of Emporia Wastewater Treatment Plant is a major municipal facility with a design flow of 1.5 MGD. The facility is located at 500 Tall Oaks Drive in Emporia, Virginia, sits on about 55 acres and is bounded on the south and east by Falling Run Creek, a tributary of the Meherrin River. The facility serves a population of approximately 5,500 persons with 2,500 connections. The WWTP is comprised of a 22-acre sludge lagoon, a clarifier and secondary clarifier, oxidation ditches, screening and grit removal, and administrative/laboratory buildings. There is one permitted outfall (001) which discharges to the Meherrin River. The 2007 permit contains a Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) special condition that requires annual chronic toxicity testing.

FACILITY REQUIREMENTS

The 2007 WET special condition requires the following tests to be used: chronic 3-brood static renewal survival and reproduction test using *Ceriodaphnia dubia* and the chronic 7-day static renewal survival and growth test using *Pimephales promelas*. Both testing scenarios required 24-hour flow-proportioned effluent samples collected from Outfall 001. Per the 2007 permit, the test dilutions should be able to determine compliance with a No Observed Effect Concentration (NOEC) of greater than or equal to 8% in all of the tests conducted.

Prior to the 2007, acute toxicity testing had been required for the previous two permit terms and acute toxicity had never been shown by the tests. For this reason, acute toxicity testing requirements were not included in the 2007 permit.

DATA SUMMARY

A review of five sets of the annual testing data, submitted by the facility in 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011 shows that the toxicity test results were greater than or equal to the WET Program NOEC endpoint of 8% in the 2007 permit (see Tables 1 and 2). All toxicity tests were performed by Biological Monitoring, Inc and no quality control problems were found.

Statistical analysis of the *Pimephales promelas* toxicity data using Stats.exe (attached) showed no limit was necessary. However, statistical analysis of the *Ceriodaphnia dubia* data yielded a toxicity limit based on acute toxicity. The need for a limitation was verified by a second statistical evaluation of an expanded *C. dubia* toxicity data dataset, utilizing historical chronic toxicity data (Table 3). The limit (TU_a= 1.02) will be applied as a maximum and a four year schedule of compliance will be afforded. Annual interim monitoring will be required until such time as the limitation becomes effective.

The proposed special condition language for the 2012 permit is included below. Also attached is the WETLIM10 spreadsheet which was used to compute the acute toxicity limit contained in the 2012 permit.

Table 1: Results of Chronic Toxicity Tests P.promelas.

TEST PERIOD	TEST DATE	TEST RESULT:	% SURVIVAL IN 100% EFFLUENT (7 day)	TEST Lab
1 st Annual	11/27/07-	NOEC= 100% S,G	97.5%	Biological
	12/4/07	$(TU_c = 1.0)$		Monitoring Inc.
2 nd Annual	10/28/11-	NOEC= 100% S,G	100%	Biological
	11/4/08	$(TU_c = 1.0)$		Monitoring Inc.
3 rd Annual	10/20/09-	NOEC= 100% S,G	100%	Biological
	10/27/09	$(TU_c = 1.0)$		Monitoring Inc.
4 th Annual	10/26/10-	NOEC= 100% S,G	97.5%	Biological
	11/2/10	(TU _c =1.0)		Monitoring Inc.
5 th Annual	10/25/11-	NOEC= 100% S,G	95%	Biological
	11/1/11	$(TU_c = 1.0)$		Monitoring Inc.

S= survival, G= growth

Table 2: Results of Chronic Toxicity Tests C. dubia.

TEST SUBMITTAL PERIOD	TEST DATE	TEST RESULT	% SURVIVAL IN 100% EFFLUENT (7 day)	TEST Lab
1 st Annual	11/27/07- 12/3/07	NOEC= 100% S,R (TU _c = 1.0)	100%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
2 nd Annual	10/28/08- 11/3/08	NOEC= 100% S (TU _c = 1.0) NOEC= 8% R (TU _c = 12.5)	100%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
3 rd Annual	10/20/09- 10/26/09	NOEC= 100% S (TU _c = 1.0) NOEC= 8% R (TU _c = 12.5)	100%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
4 th Annual	10/26/10- 11/2/10	NOEC= 54% S (TU _c = 1.85) NOEC= 8% R (TU _c = 12.5)	50%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
5 th Annual	10/25/11- 10/31/11	NOEC = 100% S (TU _c = 1.0) NOEC = 50% R (TU _c = 2.0)	100%	Biological Monitoring Inc.

S= survival, R = reproduction

Note: The bold NOEC result is the lowest NOEC of the test pair and represents the test endpoint.

Table 3. Historical Chronic Toxicity Test Data for C. dubia

TEST DATE	TEST RESULT	% SURVIVAL IN 100% EFFLUENT (6-7	TEST Lab
		day)	
8/31/99-9/7/99	NOEC= 100% S $(TU_c= 1.0)$ NOEC= 52.5% R $(TU_c= 1.9)$	50%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
8/15/00- 8/21/00	NOEC= 10.5 % S,R (TU _c = 9.5)	0%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
8/28/01-9/4/01	NOEC= 100% S,R (TU _c = 1.0)	90%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
10/22/02- 10/28/02	NOEC= 100% S,R (TU _c = 1.0)	100%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
1/6/04- 1/13/04	NOEC= 100% S,R (TU _c = 1.0)	100%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
9/22/05- 9/29/05	NOEC= 100% S,R (TU _c = 1.0)	80%	Biological Monitoring Inc.
12/7/06- 12/13/06	NOEC= 100% S (TU _c = 1.0) NOEC= 9% R (TU _c = 11.11)	100%	Biological Monitoring Inc.

S= survival, R = reproduction

Note: The bold NOEC result is the lowest NOEC of the test pair and represents the test endpoint.

CONCLUSION & RECOMMENDATIONS

The facility has shown a reasonable potential for toxicity as defined in Part I.D (WET Testing) of the 2007 permit. Based on the statistical evaluation, an acute toxicity limit is included in the 2012 draft permit. A four year schedule of compliance is given for the permittee to come into compliance with the limitation. Draft WET special condition language follows.

D. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing

- 1. The Whole Effluent Toxicity limitation of 1.02 TU_a (LC₅₀=98%) in Part I.A. is effective no later than 4 years following the effective date of the permit as described in the Schedule of Compliance in Part I.D.
- 2. Commencing no later than three (3) months following the effective date of the limit, the permittee shall conduct quarterly acute toxicity tests using 24-hour flow-proportioned composite samples of final effluent from Outfall 001 in accordance with the schedule in Part I.C.4. The acute tests to use are:

48 Hour Static Acute test using *Ceriodaphnia dubia* 48-Hour Static Acute test using *Pimephales promelas*

These acute tests shall be performed with a minimum of 5 dilutions, derived geometrically, for calculation of a valid LC_{50} and corresponding acute Toxic Units (TU_a). Express as TU_a (Acute Toxic Units) by dividing $100/LC_{50}$ for DMR reporting. Two copies of the toxicity test results shall be submitted with the DMR. Test procedures and reporting shall be in accordance with the WET testing methods cited in 40 CFR 136.3.

3. The permit may be modified or revoked and reissued to include pollutant specific limits in lieu of a WET limit should it be demonstrated that toxicity is due to specific parameters. The pollutant specific limits must control the toxicity of the effluent.

4. Reporting Schedule

The permittee shall submit the toxicity test reports with the DMR for the tests specified in accordance with the following schedule:

Period	Compliance Period*	DMR/Report Due Date
1 st Quarter	Jun-Aug 2016	10 th of the month
2 nd Quarter	Sep-Nov 2016	immediately following
3 rd Quarter	Dec-Feb 2017	each compliance period.
4 th Quarter	Mar-May 2017	periou.

^{*}Note: dates in permit may differ slightly depending on the date of reissuance and the effective date of the permit.

VA0020346 Emporia WWTP Toxicity Stats Results

Facility = Emporia WWTP	Facility = Emporia WWTP
Chemical = Toxicity C. dubia (including historical	Chemical = Toxicity C. dubia (2007 permit data
data)	only)
Chronic averaging period = 4	Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 10.2	WLAa = 10.2
WLAc = 9	WLAc = 9
Q.L. = 1	Q.L. = 1
# samples/mo. = 1	# samples/mo. = 1
# samples/wk. = 1	# samples/wk. = 1
Summary of Statistics:	Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 12	# observations = 5
Expected Value = 6.28188	Expected Value = 8.1
Variance = 122.731	Variance = 23.6196
C.V. = 1.763553	C.V. $= 0.6$
97th percentile daily values = 28.9983	97th percentile daily values = 19.7106
97th percentile 4 day average = 19.6224	97th percentile 4 day average = 13.4767
97th percentile 30 day average= 10.0864	97th percentile 30 day average= 9.76903
# < Q.L. = 0	# < Q.L. = 0
Model used = lognormal	Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity	A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 10.2	Maximum Daily Limit = 10.2
Average Weekly limit = 10.2	Average Weekly limit = 10.2
Average Monthly Limit = 10.2	Average Worthly Limit = 10.2
Average Monthly Limit – 10.2	Average Monthly Limit - 10.2
The data are:	The data are:
1	1
12.5	12.5
12.5	12.5
12.5	12.5
2	2
1.9	
9.5	
1	
1	
1	
1	
11.11	

```
Facility = Emporia WWTP
Chemical = Toxicity P.promelas
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 10.24
WLAc = 9
Q.L. = 1
# samples/mo. = 1
# samples/wk. = 1
Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 4
Expected Value = 1
           = .36
Variance
C.V.
         = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 2.43341
97th percentile 4 day average = 1.66379
97th percentile 30 day average= 1.20605
# < Q.L.
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
No Limit is required for this material
The data are:
1
1
1
1
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		Revision Da	ate: 01/10/05												
l		File: WETL	IM10.xls		ACUTE	1.024514025	TUa	LC ₅₀ =	98	% Use as	1.02	TUa			
l		(MIX.EXE requ	uired also)					-							
					ACUTE WL	.Aa	1.024514	Note: Inform t	he permittee th	at if the mea	in of the data	exceeds			
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ļ													4		
ļ					Chronic En	dpoint/Permit	Limit	Use as NOEC	in Special Co	ndition, as	TUc on DMF	2			
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	Facility Nam	e:	Emporia WWT	P	CHRONIC		9		of the data exc			4.21018579)		
	VPDES Num		VA0020346			acute expressed	as chronic		a limit may res						
ŀ	Outfall Numb	oer:	1												
┃.					% Flow to I	oe used from N	MIX.EXE		Difuser /mode		2				
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,	Are data ava	ailable to calc	ulate CV? (Y/N	V)	N	(Minimum of 1	0 data points	, same species,	needed)		Go to Page	2			
,	Are data ava	ailable to calc	ulate ACR? (Y/N	۷)	N			reater/less than			Go to Page				
1															
-	IWC _a		29.28217672		flow/plant flo			e IWCa is >33%							
1	IWC _c		11.11111111	% Plant	flow/plant flo	w + 7Q10	NOA	EC = 100% test	endpoint for i	use					
4															
	Dilution, acu Dilution, chro		3.415046667 9		IWCa IWCc										
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ı	LTA _{a,c}		4.210185984	WLAa,c X	's eA			,							
-	LTA _c			WLAc X's							Rounded No	OEC's	%		
l	MDL** with L	TA _{a,c}	10.24514025	TUc	NOEC =	9.760725	(Protects fro	om acute/chroni	c toxicity)		NOEC =	10	%		
4	MDL** with L	-,-	13.16317216	_	NOEC =			om chronic toxic			NOEC =		3 %		
4	AML with lov	-	10.24514025		NOEC =		Lowest LTA				NOEC =	10			
ľ															
ľ	IF ONLY A	ACUTE END	POINT/LIMIT IS I	NEEDED, (CONVERT M	DL FROM TU _c	to TU _a								
ľ											Rounded LO		%		
		Aac	1.024514025	TUa	LC50 =	97.607253	%				LC50 =		%		
	MDL with LT														
	MDL with LT MDL with LT	A _c	1.316317216	TUa	LC50 =	75.969530	%				LC50 =	76			

А	В	С	D E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0
	Page 2	- Follow the o	directions to dev	elop a site s	pecific CV	(coefficien	t of variati	on)					
								· ,					
	IF YOU H	AVE AT LEAST 10	DATA POINTS THAT		Vertebrate			Invertebrate					
		ANTIFIABLE (NOT			IC ₂₅ Data			IC ₂₅ Data					
			HE DATA IN EITHER		or			or					
		I "G" (VERTEBRAT			LC ₅₀ Data	LN of data		LC ₅₀ Data	LN of data				
		RTEBRATE). THE			******	EIT OI data		******	LIT OF GUILD				
		JP FOR THE CAL		1			1	0					
		THE DEFAULT VA		2			2						
		eC WILL CHANGE		3			3						+
		IG OTHER THAN (4			4						
	7.11111111	O THER HING	,	5			5						+
1				6			6						
				7			7						
1	Coefficier	nt of Variation for et	ffluent tests	. 8			. 8						
1				9			9						
i	CV =	0.6	(Default 0.6)	10			10						
			i í	11			11						
3	$\delta^2 =$	0.3074847		12			12						
1	ð =	0.554513029		13	1		13						
				14			14						
	Using the	log variance to de	velop eA	15			15						
2		(P. 100, step 2	a of TSD)	16			16						
3	Z = 1.881	(97% probability s	stat from table	17			17						
1	A =	-0.88929666		18			18						
5	eA =	0.410944686		19			19						
3				20			20						
7	Using the	log variance to de											
3		(P. 100, step 2		St Dev		NEED DATA			NEED DATA				
9	ð ₄ ² =	0.086177696		Mean	0	0	Mean	0	0				
)	$\delta_4 =$	0.293560379		Variance	0	0.000000	Variance	0	0.000000				
	B =	-0.50909823		CV	0		CV	0					
	eB =	0.601037335											
3													
ļ.	Using the	log variance to de											
5		(P. 100, step 4	a of TSD)										
3	2												
7	ð² =	0.3074847											
3	ð =	0.554513029											
)	C =	0.889296658											
1	eC =	2.433417525											-
2	I leina #	log variance to 4-	volon oD										-
3	Using the	Using the log variance to develop eD (P. 100, step 4b of TSD)											
4	n =	(P. 100, step 4	This number will most	t likely etay as "1"	for 1 cample/	month							
	δ _n ² =			i iinciy stay as T	, ioi i sairipie/	monui.							
5		0.3074847											
6	ð _n =	0.554513029											
7	D =	0.889296658											1
8	eD =	2.433417525											
9													

				U		-								
		Page 3 - F	ollow direc	tions to	develop	a site speci	fic ACR (A	cute to Ch	ronic Ratio	o)				
					<u>-</u>	_				(
			ic Ratio (ACR),											
			at the same ten					e less than the	acute					
C ₅₀	, since th	ne ACR divide	es the LC ₅₀ by t	he NOEC. I	_C ₅₀ 's >1009	% should not be	used.							
]			0 11	1050L- 4- 0	
			Table 1. ACR	using Verte	brate data						Convert L			hronic TU's
												for use in V		
	0.44		NOTO	T	1		A 4.11	100 1- 11-		Table 3.		ACR used:	10	
	Set #	LC ₅₀			Logarithm			ACR to Use						
	1	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA			Enter LC ₅₀	TUc	Enter NOEC	
	2	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA		1		NO DATA		NO DATA
	3	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA		2		NO DATA		NO DATA
	4	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA		3		NO DATA		NO DATA
	5	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	NO DATA NO DATA		4 5		NO DATA		NO DATA NO DATA
	7	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	NO DATA		5		NO DATA		NO DATA
	8	#N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA		7		NO DATA		NO DATA
	9	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA		8		NO DATA		NO DATA
	10	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA		9		NO DATA		NO DATA
										10		NO DATA		NO DATA
					ACR for ver	tebrate data:		0		11		NO DATA		NO DATA
	İ									12		NO DATA		NO DATA
			Table 1. Result		Vertebrate A	ACR		0		13		NO DATA		NO DATA
			Table 2. Result	:	Invertebrate			0		14		NO DATA		NO DATA
					Lowest ACF	1		Default to 10		15		NO DATA		NO DATA
										16		NO DATA		NO DATA
			Table 2. ACR	using Inver	tebrate dat	a				17		NO DATA		NO DATA
										18		NO DATA		NO DATA
										19		NO DATA		NO DATA
	Set #	LC ₅₀			Logarithm			ACR to Use		20		NO DATA		NO DATA
	1	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA						
	2	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA					limit is needed	
	3	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA					la and then an	LC50,
	4	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA		enter it here	10.245		1 %LC ₅₀	
	5	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA				1.024	5 TUa	
	6	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA						
	7	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA						
	8	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA						
	9	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA						
	10	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	NO DATA						
					A C D f ===	tabasta data.		0						
					ACK IOI VER	tebrate data:		0	<u> </u>					
				חוו וודוי	N CEDIE	e to proc	MMEND							
				חורט ווס	IN SEKIE	S TO RECO	MINIEND							
		Table 4.				Monitoring		Limit						
						% Effluent	TUc	% Effluent	TUc					
		Dilution seri	es based on	data mean		23.8	4.210186							
		Dilution seri	es to use for	limit				10	10					
		Dilution fact	or to recomm	end:		0.4873594		0.3162278						
		Dilution seri	es to recomm	nend:		100.0	1.00	100.0	1.00					
				-		48.7	2.05	31.6	3.16					
						23.8	4.21	10.0	10.00					
						11.6	8.64	3.2	31.62					
						5.64	17.73	1.0	100.00					
			Extra dilution	o if noode		2.75	36.37	0.3	316.23					
			Extra dilution	s ii rieeued	ı	1.34	74.63	0.3	1000.00					

Cell: 19 This is assuming that the data are Type 2 data (none of the data in the data set are censored - "<" or ">"). Cell: K18 Comment: This is assuming that the data are Type 2 data (none of the data in the data set are censored - "<" or ">"). Comment: Remember to change the "N" to "Y" if you have ratios entered, otherwise, they won't be used in the calculations. Cell: C40 Comment: If you have entered data to calculate an ACR on page 3, and this is still defaulted to "10", make sure you have selected "Y" in cell E21 Comment: If you have entered data to calculate an effluent specific CV on page 2, and this is still defaulted to "0.6", make sure you have selected "Y" in cell E20 Cell: L48 Comment: See Row 151 for the appropriate dilution series to use for these NOEC's Cell: G62 Comment: Vertebrates are: Pimephales promelas Oncorhynchus mykiss Cyprinodon variegatus Cell: J62 Comment: Invertebrates are: Ceriodaphnia dubia Mysidopsis bahia Cell: C117 Comment: Vertebrates are: Pimephales promelas Cyprinodon variegatus Comment: The ACR has been picked up from cell C34 on Page 1. If you have paired data to calculate an ACR, enter it in the tables to the left, and make sure you have a "Y" in cell E21 on Page 1. Otherwise, the default of 10 will be used to convert your acute data. Comment: If you are only concerned with acute data, you can enter it in the NOEC column for conversion and the number calculated will be equivalent to the TUa. The calculation is the same: 100/NOEC = TUc or 100/LC50 = TUa. Cell: C138 Comment: Invertebrates are:

Ceriodaphnia dubia Mysidopsis bahia Virginia DEQ

Deborah L. DeBiasi

804-698-4028 dldebiasi@deq.virginia.gov

Attachment M: No Exposure Certification



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

PIEDMONT REGIONAL OFFICE

4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, Virginia 23060 (804) 527-5020 Fax (804) 527-5106 www.deq.virginia.gov

David K. Paylor Director

Michael P. Murphy Regional Director

March 16, 2012

Brian Thrower, City Manager City of Emporia Virginia 201 South Main Stree Emporia, VA 23847

RE: No Exposure Certification for City of Emporia Wastewater Treatment Facility 500 Tall Oaks, Emporia VA 23847

Dear Applicant:

Douglas W. Domenech

Secretary of Natural Resources

Please find enclosed a copy of the completed Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) No Exposure Certification for Exclusion from Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) Storm Water Permitting in response to your submittal received November 21, 2011. This certification constitutes notice that permit authorization is not required for storm water discharges associated with industrial activity under the VPDES Permit Program due to the existence of a condition of "No Exposure" at the above referenced facility.

In accordance with the VPDES Permit Regulation (9VAC 25-31-120.E), to maintain eligibility for continued exclusion, you must submit a signed certification to DEQ no less frequently than once every five years. Consequently, this Certification is effective through November 20, 2016, provided the condition of no exposure continues to exist at this facility.

Should site conditions change and industrial activities or materials become exposed to precipitation that may result in a storm water discharge to waters of the Commonwealth, authorization under an individual or general VPDES permit may be required.

If you have any questions, please feel free to call Jeremy Kazio at (804) 527-5044 or email at Jeremy.Kazio@deq.virginia.gov.

Sincerely.

Curtis J. Linderman, P.E. Water Permit Manager

Enclosure